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The Morning's News in The Times
IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12
Proceedings of the railway conductors
...The charge of cruelty against the
Browns is dismissed...Gov. Budd's pec-
uliar reforms at Whittier...McClellan
held for the murder of Constable Pyle
...Park Commissioners award the
Westlake Park boating contract...Jury
disagrees in the Cokahour arson case
...Thomas Sanchez held for assault to
kill...Orange shipments from Southern
California...Young Republicans or-
ganize.
Southern California—Page 13.
Railway conductors visit Pasadena.
...Reorganization of Pasadena
and Los Angeles electric road...Un-
iversalists' proceedings at Pomona...
Santa Ana bent on having a beet-sugar
factory...San Diego municipal af-
fairs...A public park among the con-
templated improvements at San Pe-
dro...Ticket-punchers make a flying
trip to Avalon...A Santa Barbara
man builds a wonderful violin...Lyle
Creek Light and Power Company in-
corporated at San Bernardino...A
conviction for illegal liquor-selling at
Redlands...A new mining scheme in
Riverside county...Residences burned
at Perris and Tustin...Homeopaths
at Echo Mountain.
By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Turks won't quit till they capture
Domokos...The Sultan stands off the
powers...Edhem ordered to march
on...Greeks will fall back...Volo and
Salonica gulfs blockaded by Greek war-
ships...Movement against Preveza...
Fashionable gambling dens raided by
Belgian police...British bimetal-
lists...Crops damaged by frost in
France...Philippine insurgents over-
powered by Spaniards.
At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4.
Dispatches were also received from
Athens, London, Vienna, San Francisco,
Sacramento, Stockton, Oakland, Mem-
phis, Louisville, Washington, Chicago,
New York and other places.
Financial and Commercial—Page 12.
Wheat and corn score a slight ad-
vance...California prunes going into
cold storage...More gold for ex-
port...Sagging of prices on the New
York stock market...London financial
market...General commercial condi-
tions.
Plumbers' Outfit Assigned.
NEW YORK, May 13.—The Hayden-
ville Manufacturing Company, dealers
in plumbers' and steamfitters' supplies,
assigned today. The company was in-
corporated under the laws of Massa-
chusetts in 1884, with a capital stock
of \$150,000. It has its factory at Hay-
denville, Mass. The assets are \$125,000
to \$150,000; liabilities, \$125,000.

OUTRAGEOUS.

Americans Starved by
the Spaniards.

Truth About the Cuban War
Becoming Known.

Sudden Spasm of Indignation
Seizes Senators.

Foreign Affairs Committee Now
United for Radical Action—The
Consular Reports Indicate Great
Suffering in the Island.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
WASHINGTON, May 13.—There was
a sudden and violent outbreak of Cuban
sentiment at the Capitol today, and
during the early hours the drift of
opinion was strongly toward speedy and
radical action by both Congress and
the Executive, but later there was
some what of a reaction upon its be-
coming known that the President, while
keenly alive to the situation, and
anxious to learn everything possible
that could guide his conduct of our
Cuban and Spanish relations, felt that
further information was necessary, and
for the immediate present the question
was not one of recognition of the bel-
ligency or independence of the Cuban
insurgents, but of relief for the Ameri-
can citizens, destitute and helpless in
the towns of the Queen of the Antilles.
The Senate Foreign Relations Com-
mittee, it should be stated, while
agreeing with the necessity for relief
of the suffering Americans, is favor-
able to more radical measures, and a
number of its members are earnestly
desirous of instant action by the Ex-
ecutive in aid of the insurgents, but
have not succeeded in converting the
administration to their views that
present action is appropriate and im-
perative.

The event of the day was a report
to their colleagues by a sub-committee
of the Foreign Relations Committee
which yesterday examined the State
Department's Cuban reports. This
statement, though not given to the
public, was so far disclosed in charac-
ter as to give rise to a good deal of
excited comment among Senators and
members. The report, based upon
facts presented by the United States
consuls in Cuba, it is said, brings out
in strong relief the destitution which
exists, not only among Cubans, but
among the Americans and pacificos now
in the islands, who were driven from
their farms and into the towns by
Weyler's orders, and thereby pre-
vented from supporting themselves.

For several days past the subject
matter of this report has been under
discussion quietly, among a few of
the friends of Cuba in Congress, and
they have lost no opportunity of im-
pressing upon the President their con-
victions that it is his duty, as the
chief Executive, to delay no longer in
taking active steps to terminate the
present condition of affairs in Cuba.
These representations, however, have
not been sufficient to induce hasty ac-
tion. The President is moving steady-
ly, and with all speed that safe and
sound judgment warrant in the collec-
tion of facts touching the conditions
that exist upon the islands today. To
this end Mr. Calhoun is now in Cuba
officially on another mission, but also
charged with observing the conditions
that prevail.

When he has reported to the Presi-
dent and the latter has gathered what
he regards as a sufficient store of in-
formation, based on facts that cannot
be questioned, he will be ready either
to take himself, or to suggest to Con-
gress such action as these facts war-
rant. Meanwhile he has under consid-
eration the best means of affording re-
lief to the Americans suffering as a
result of the conditions on the islands.

Today the President saw by ap-
pointment Edwin W. Atkins of Boston,
who is largely interested in Cuban sug-
ar plantations. Mr. Atkins was in Wash-
ington on personal business which
brought him in contact with Secretary
Long, an old friend. After finishing
Mr. Atkins's business the Secretary
took him to the White House and pre-
sented him to the President. The lat-
ter, learning that Mr. Atkins has just
returned from Cuba, began to chat
with his visitor as to the condition of
affairs as they revealed themselves to
a business man, and Mr. Atkins gave
him a faithful picture of the economic
conditions that prevailed in Havana
and other portions of the island when
he left. His story was so interesting
that the President summoned Judge
Day, Assistant Secretary of State, across
to the White House to hear it.
Mr. Atkins had very little to say
about the military situation in Cuba,
and what he did utter in that connec-
tion did not indicate any leaning on
his part toward either the Spanish or
the insurgent side.

At the Spanish legation the news of
the developments at the Capitol today
was received with composure. Of course
the action of the committee could not
be openly discussed without violation
of the strict etiquette which governs
the diplomatic body in its relations to
Congress, but it was suggested that
the fact that the entire attention of the
Senate for months to come would be
engrossed by the Tariff Bill might
have determined the friends of Cuba
to endeavor to secure some sort of ac-
tion by Congress before discussion of
the Tariff Bill begins.
It is not denied at the legation that

suffering exists in Cuba, but such suf-
fering, it was said, is almost always
incidental to war. It is contended that
the Spanish government has done all
that it could with the means at hand
to alleviate this distress. It was pointed
out that Spain has granted permission
to the Red Cross, through Miss Barton,
to extend its offices to the destitute in
Cuba, and, moreover, will not place
any obstacles in the way of any proper
charity in the United States which has
the same end in view. All that is asked
is that the food supply contributed for
the relief of the destitute is not used
to maintain the Cuban insurrectionary
forces in their resistance to the Span-
ish government.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE.
It Finds the Conditions Worse Than
Newspaper Reports Indicate.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Sen-
ate Committee on Foreign Relations
today had the Cuban question under
consideration on the basis of the report
of the sub-committee, appointed yester-
day to confer with the President and
Secretary Sherman. The report was
prepared by Senator Davis and For-
aker, Republican members Senator
Morgan, the Democratic member, de-
clining to participate in it.

The report consisted of a concise
statement of the contents of the of-
ficial reports from the American con-
suls in Cuba, bringing the information
up to within a week. This report con-
firms the newspaper reports of the sit-
uation in the island, and even goes far-
ther in depicting the deplorable situa-
tion of the Cuban people. The report
states that the Spanish government re-
sists the suggestion of the newspaper
stories. Especial stress is laid upon the
condition of American citizens.

It is positively stated that hundreds
are in a starving condition, and
wretchedly clothed. Death of Ameri-
cans from starvation is many times
reported. The Americans are scattered
over all parts of the island, and are
shown no consideration whatever be-
cause of their American citizenship.
The Americans are generally persons
who reside on the plantations, but who
have been driven from their homes to
the towns, and who, being among
strangers, and without employment,
are compelled to subsist on almost
nothing. They are not allowed to re-
turn to their plantations even to pick
berries or secure the least article of
subsistence. They are theoretically un-
der the care of the Spanish army, but
they have no means of leaving the
island, and their condition is pronounced
wholly deplorable.

The committee was especially im-
pressed with this recital, and the opin-
ion generally expressed was that the
situation should be remedied, if pos-
sible. It was considered as placing
upon the President a heavy burden
of our relations to Cuba than the im-
prisonment of Americans, of which
there are now comparatively few in-
stances. The report also indicates a
lack of food and money, especially
in the centers of population, and
declares that the Spanish government
most malignant diseases such as yel-
low fever, smallpox and dysentery.
These diseases the natives withstand
with comparative ease, but are
especially oppressive to the Spanish
soldiers.

The reports indicate that the Spanish
army is not so strong now as it was a
year ago, largely on account of these
ravages, while they indicate no dimi-
nution of the insurgent forces.
The reports upon which the sub-com-
mittee's brief was based, were from
various consuls, including Consul-Gen-
eral Llorente. The committee agreed
to press the consideration of his re-
solution today, but he will make an ef-
fective statement of the situation made
the unfinished business Monday at
10 o'clock.

This acquiescence on the Alabama
Senator's part is temporarily under-
stood to be given under the im-
pression that it will result in bringing
to the resolution the support of the en-
tire committee. The committee has
this will, of course, materially
strengthen the resolution in the Sen-
ate, and it is believed by its friends
that it will make no room for opposi-
tion. It is not probable that the com-
mittee will not make any formal report,
but the correspondence will not be
given to the public for the present.
The delay by the committee until Mon-
day is for the purpose of giving the
President an opportunity to make his
representations have been made by him
that there is no necessity for imme-
diate action. It is also been repre-
sented that the committee will not be
the Executive and not by the legisla-
tive branch of the government. The
President has been urged to take some
steps looking to the relief of the starv-
ing Americans. It is the belief of the
members of the committee that the
President will take action before Mon-
day, but if nothing is done by then
there is no doubt that the committee
will urge Senator Morgan's resolution
and the committee will possibly make
a motion against it, but will not press
it.

The members of the Foreign Relations
Committee have recommended to the
President that, if necessary to secure
the landing of food and clothing to re-
lieve the wants of Americans, they
should be accompanied by an American
warship. The committee has a list of
over one hundred Americans who are
starving. They are represented to be
corralled in towns and unable to get
food, even if they had money to pro-
cure it. The correspondence represented
that there were thousands of Cubans
in this condition.

RESOLUTION FOR RELIEF.
WASHINGTON, May 13.—Senator
Gallinger has introduced a resolution
appropriating \$50,000 for the relief
of the suffering Americans in Cuba.
The resolution went to the Foreign Re-
lations Committee, speaking of the
situation in Cuba, and the committee
American people in Cuba, Senator Gal-
linger said.

I am informed that American citi-
zens are starving in Cuba. A gentleman
who recently came from Cuba told me
that the Spanish government is refusing
to let the American people who are starv-
ing in Cuba. I asked to have the resolution
referred to the Foreign Relations Com-
mittee for such action as it may deem
best to take.
There is some talk of sending a
naval vessel to Cuba. Will you add
[CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE]

COCKY ABDUL.

Won't Quit Until He
Gets Domokos.

Stands Off the Powers and
Orders Edhem On.

The Pasha Thinks He Can Bag
the Greek Army.

Hellene Will Evacuate and Fall
Back on the Old Frontier—Volo
and Salonica Gulfs Blockaded.
Movement Against Preveza.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
CONSTANTINOPLE, May 13.—[By
Atlantic Cable.] The foreign ambas-
sadors held another conference today,
after which, Baron Calice, the Austro-
Hungarian Ambassador, called upon
Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish Minister of
Foreign Affairs, and renewed the pro-
posal of an armistice which was pre-
sented yesterday. The opinion is gen-
eral in Turkish circles that until the
occupation of Domokos, which is mo-
mentarily expected, the Porte will not
grant an armistice.

DOMOKOS THE ISSUE.
LONDON, May 13.—The situation at
the scene of hostilities appears to be
that Turkey is determined to occupy
Domokos before consenting to an armis-
tice, and that Greece is convinced of
the impossibility of holding out against
the serious attack which Edhem Pasha
is preparing to deliver.

It has been decided to evacuate Do-
mokos and to fall back upon the old
frontier. This plan will probably be
carried out tomorrow if it has not al-
ready been carried out, and thus the
way will be opened for peace negotia-
tions.

The powers are in no mood to yield
overmuch to the demands of Turkey.
The war has had quite an unexpected
effect in revealing an amazing military
vitality in the Sultan's dominions,
which is in no way to the humor of
Russia or the other powers. Hence
the Sultan will be reminded that he
was his original misgovernment which
led to the war; only the influence of
Europe has prevented a general blaze
in the Balkans, and that it is advisable
for him, therefore, to accept reason-
able terms.

THE POINT OF DANGER.
LONDON, May 13.—A dispatch to the
Times from Domokos, dated Wednes-
day, reports the increased activity of
the foreign legion, which has been or-
dered to proceed to the left flank of
the Greek army, near Lake Tynias. This
is regarded as an indication of the
point of danger.

EDHEM AFTER GLORY.
LONDON, May 14.—The correspond-
ent of the Standard at Constantinople
says: "Edhem Pasha has wired to the
Porte that he is quite certain of
being able to capture Domokos and the
Greek army as well, and in response
pressing orders have been sent to the
Turkish staff to go ahead with the
greatest energy regardless of diplo-
macy. General military preparations
continue here on the largest scale."

GREEKS WILL EVACUATE.
LONDON, May 14.—The correspond-
ent of the Morning Post at Domokos,
under yesterday's date, says: "It has
been decided to evacuate the position,
and a large number of troops have al-
ready left. It is freely asserted that
the war is over."

GREEKS BLOCKADING.
Gulfs of Volo and Salonica Reported
to be Guarded.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
LONDON, May 13.—[By Atlantic Ca-
ble.] A telegram from Athens says a
Greek fleet has established a blockade on
the Gulf of Volo.

ORDERING MUNITIONS.
ATHENS, May 13.—The government
has proclaimed the Gulf of Volo block-
aded and is sending large orders for
horses and munitions of war to various
European cities.

BESIEGING NICOPOLIS.
ATHENS, May 13.—Midnight—Ac-
cording to dispatches just received
here, the Greek forces are besieging
Nicopolis and Preveza.

BEAT THE TURKS.
ATHENS, May 11.—A dispatch just
received here from Arta says that
the Greek troops under Col. Balcarlis
had an engagement with the Turks
around the town of Imaret. Several
men have been killed or wounded. The
Turks have retreated, except a small
column, which is still opposing the
Greek advance. Col. Collopoulos has
advanced and occupied Philippadia. He
seeks to capture the iron bridge over
the Louros, which would render the
capture of Preveza possible.

ADVANCING FROM LOUROS.
LONDON, May 13.—The Athens cor-
respondent of the Daily Chronicle says
another Greek force under Col. Bo-
tzaris is advancing from Louros to co-
operate with Col. Balcarlis.

WAITING ON THE PORTE.
LONDON, May 13.—The Graeco-Turk-
ish news received today does not
change the situation. Everything is
waiting on the Porte's action. There is
no confirmation of the report printed
by the Journal of Paris that an armis-
tice has been arranged, but the silence
from the seat of war seems to indicate
that Edhem Pasha's advance on Do-
mokos may have been countermanded.

The Sultan's position is a little
stronger than King George's, and there-
fore it is not surprising that, while
the war feeling is so strong, he hesi-
tates at taking a step which could be
construed at Constantinople as a sur-
render of Ottoman interests. In addi-
tion to this, the fact that the Balm
begins today, lasting until Sunday, of-
fers another excuse for delay.

IT IS SERIOUS.

Secretary Alger's Reply
is About Ready.

Stubborn Fight is Forthcoming
at the Capitol.

Need of Action by the Citrus
Fruit Committee.

Resolutions for Recognition of
Belligerency and Relief of Ameri-
cans in Cuba—Senator Tillman
on Sugar Stock.

[BY THE TIMES SPECIAL WIRE.]
WASHINGTON (D. C.), May 13.—
[Special Dispatch.] Secretary Alger's
answer to the harbor resolution is
nearly ready. It has been drawn after
consultation with the leaders of the
opposition, and will bring about a stub-
born fight, but the San Pedro forces
are ready for it.

The citrus fruit situation is serious.
Senator Aldrich and other Republican
members of the Finance Committee,
will not support the cent-a-pound rate
on the floor of the Senate. Senator
Aldrich told Senator White today that
he could not defend the increase. He
is not only opposed to the increase, but
wants rates changed back to the cubic-
foot basis. The importers claim it is
a 100-per-cent, ad valorem rate instead
of a 33-per-cent, as the tariff experts
state. He also claims the three-fourths-
of-a-cent rate under Secretary Gage's
order has stopped importations, and is
prohibitive.

Senator White said, tonight, that the
Citrus Fruit-growers Tariff Committee
could continue to fight on the propo-
sitions and show their unsoundness.
Concentrated effort is required until the
bill is passed.

THE TARIFF BILL.
WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Sen-
ate Committee on Finance reached an
understanding today by which it was
practically agreed that the debate on
the Tariff Bill should begin Monday,
May 24. Senator Aldrich will call up
the bill Thursday of next week for
the purpose of making a statement.
There will be no further effort to
get the bill up until the following
Monday. This concession was made
out of deference to the wishes of the
Democratic members, and because of
the delay of getting the comparative
statements in shape.

SENATOR WHITE WILL REPLY.
WASHINGTON, May 13.—[Special
Dispatch.] Senator White said tonight
that he would wait a reasonable time
for the report on the San Pedro harbor
matter by Secretary Alger, and that
he had in preparation an answer to
what he understands to be the propo-
sition of the Secretary, that the appro-
priation is not sufficient to make the ex-
periment.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.
EXTRA SESSION.
[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]
WASHINGTON, May 13.—SENATE.
After a long period of calm, the Sen-
ate was considerably agitated today;
first, by a discussion of the Senate
sugar investigation, and then by a pre-
liminary skirmish on the Tariff Bill.
The resolution will bring Edhem Pasha
Chapman before the bar of the Senate
was debated in somewhat monotonous
style, until Mr. Tillman of South
Carolina gave some interest to the sub-
ject by referring to the report of the ef-
fects of the sugar stock. We had
Senators, within the last week, had
speculated in sugar stocks.

"As the representative of 70,000,000
people," said Mr. Allen in his opening
speech, "we cannot afford to permit
Mr. Chapman, the representative of a
powerful organization, which is
charged, exercises great influence in
this body, to go unwhipped."
The discussion assumed a legal and
technical phase. Messrs. Faulkner
of West Virginia, and Mr. Aldrich
of Wisconsin, arguing on the law
applying to Chapman. Mr. Chan-
dler spoke briefly, saying that he would
not believe a pardon would be granted
Chapman. The Senator stated that
he considered that it would be futile
to undertake now to reopen the sugar
investigation after four years. Mr.
Tillman was then recognized for a
speech, which caused a distinct sen-
sation on the floor, and in the galleries.
"It seems to me," said Mr. Tillman,
"that we are not after Chapman; the
original investigation was not intended
to punish Chapman, but to discover
whether any Senator on the floor had
been guilty of using his official position
to make money by speculating in stocks
which were influenced by his action as
a Senator, on the committee which re-
ported the Tariff Bill. It is not worth
while to try to cover up this matter
with hypocrisy. The Senator from New
Hampshire will excuse me. I do not
intend that as a reflection upon his
language, but it does appear to me that
he treated it rather flippantly."

"There are today in the newspapers
of this country charges floating about
and being sent broadcast, signed by
correspondents in the gallery. We had
fact that last week when the new tariff
bill was reported with the changed
sugar schedule, three Senators had
speculated in sugar stocks. We had
another stench on our hands, and in-
stead of it being a differential in favor
of the trust of a third of a cent, as that
was, it is now two-thirds in favor of
the trust."

"There are two correspondents who
have, over their own signatures,
charged that Senators have speculated
within the last week and made money.
Now, if you want to investigate, you
have a new reason to investigate. If
you intend to get at the true inward-
ness of the matter, to get at the truth
and punish those who are guilty, say so
or do so, or else hush. That is the
whole sum and substance of it. We do
not want Chapman, we want Hava-

Dangerous to Their Economy.
VIENNA, May 13.—At a large con-
vention of Austrian manufacturers
held here today, it was resolved to
call upon the government to undertake
to conclude international agreements
with European powers with a view of
"effectually meeting the common dan-
ger to European economy arising from
the prohibitive tariff policy of the
United States."

Fire at Springfield, O.
SPRINGFIELD (O.), May 13.—The
Punderbush Mills at New Carlisle were
destroyed by fire shortly after mid-
night. The loss was \$50,000. It was the
work of an incendiary.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, May 13.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.95; at 5 p.m., 29.95. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 58 deg. and 69 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 41 per cent.; 5 p.m., 73 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 1 mile; 5 p.m., west, velocity 9 miles. Maximum temperature, 68 deg.; minimum temperature, 54 deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., cloudy; 5 p.m., partly cloudy.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The Homeopathic physicians are holding a very interesting State convention at Echo Mountain. They find the ozone of the heights exceedingly exhilarating, but they are not taking it in homeopathic doses.

Santa Ana has the best-sugar fever and has it bad. The Committee of the Chamber of Commerce appointed to investigate the feasibility of establishing a factory there, is encouraged by the outlook. The committee will not be discharged until the project is an accomplished fact.

According to an ordinance, recently passed, Pomona will soon have two licensed saloons, which will increase the city's revenues \$2000 per annum. According to authentic reports, large quantities of liquor were dispensed in Pomona during the Prohibition era, through drug stores and holes in the wall. The morals of the community were thus corrupted in spite of legal restrictions, and the municipality was none the richer.

Among the many other improvements now talked of at San Pedro, is a public park, it being rumored that the city is about to receive a deed of gift to forty acres, suitable for the purpose. A pavilion for the accommodation of visitors has been erected by public-spirited citizens, and the harbor town is now posing as a first-class seaside resort.

The railway conductors and their sweethearts, wives and sisters, to the number of over twelve hundred, visited Pasadena yesterday. They had abundant opportunity to gather oranges and lemons from the trees "with their own hands," which every properly constituted easterner regards as little short of a miracle, and they were hospitably entertained during their short stay by the Pasadena Board of Trade.

There was a touch of cynicism in the resolution adopted by the Park Commissioners yesterday, that the secretary of the board keep a special book of record for entering the names of those persons who made donations to the parks. Some persons may be flattered into giving to the city a superfluous shrub or tree, and he struck her so hard that he sprained his thumb, for which grievous mischance he cursed the girl. The Justice committed one serious error—an error of the head, not the heart—in failing to fine the obdurate child for maliciously ducking her head and causing the father to sprain his thumb. This miscarriage of justice was due to an unfortunate misunderstanding; the court thought it was the girl's thumb that was sprained. Brown is said to have a political pull.

Song Birds Protected.
The California Game Laws, as approved March 9, 1897, have the following provision for the protection of small song birds: "Every person who, in the State of California, shall at any time hunt, shoot, shoot at, take, kill, or destroy, buy, sell, give away, or have in his possession, except for the purpose of propagation, or for educational or scientific purposes, any English sparrow, robin, canary, hummingbird, thrush, or mockingbird, or any part of the skin, skins, or plumage thereof, or who shall rob the nests or take or destroy, or offer for sale, the eggs of any of the said birds shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person found guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be fined in a sum of not less than \$20 or more than \$500, or be imprisoned in the County Jail in the county in which the conviction shall be had, not less than ten days or more than one hundred and fifty days, or be punished by both such fine and imprisonment."

A Beautiful Souvenir.
H. B. Rice, the steamship agent, is in receipt of an album picturing the beauties of Hungarian scenery and the Millennium of Hungary, and the national exhibition held in Buda-Pesth last year, which is not only a most beautiful specimen of artistic printing but an especially interesting souvenir of a great event, as the exhibition was held in commemoration of one-thousandth anniversary of the settlement of Hungary.

A peculiar incident in connection with Mr. Rice's reception of the album is the fact that it bore no other address than his name, and "Los Angeles," which is evidence that even in distant lands they know whereabouts is the location of this city's metropolis.

The Arizona Chase.
PRESIDENT (Ariz.) May 13.—Today has been one of suspense and uncertainty, as nothing has been heard from the posse in pursuit of Parker since yesterday morning, when Indian trails were followed on the trail less than twenty-five miles from Prescott. At that time the officers felt certain they would capture their man before night. None of the fugitives have yet been located.

One Less in the Race.
TALLAHASSEE (Fla.) May 13.—Raney withdrew from the Senatorial race today. The ballot resulted: Chipley, 47; Stockton, 41; Hocker, 9; scattering, 2. Fifty were necessary to a choice.

RUNS WHERE ORANGES GROW.
The Orange Belt Line of the Southern Pacific Company, Corvina, Pomona, Ontario, Riverside, Redlands, San Bernardino, Leave Arcade Depot 8 a.m. Return arrive Los Angeles 3:30 p.m. Round trip, \$1.10.

ORANGE CROP.

SHIPMENTS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA FOR THE SEASON.

About Two Million Three Hundred Thousand Boxes—Not so Many Carloads as Last Year but Number of Boxes Shipped Greater.

Inquiry at the offices of the railway companies shows that the total shipments of oranges from Southern California during the present season up to the 9th of the present month (May) were 6412 carloads. It is estimated by shippers that there still remain from 500 to 550 carloads to go forward. These added to the shipments already made would bring up the total shipments of oranges from Southern California for the season to about 6900 carloads.

For the season 1894-95 the total shipments of oranges from Southern California were reported at 7700 carloads, and for the season of 1895-96 at 7240 carloads. From these figures it is seen that the total shipments of oranges, computed by carloads will be less this season than those of the two preceding seasons. "But," as remarked a prominent orange shipper in this city to a Times reporter who was speaking to him about this, "the decrease is only a seeming one, not a real one. To make," he added, "a true comparison with previous years it will be necessary to compute the shipments by boxes and not by carloads." He then proceeded to quote some figures to make clear his statement. "For the season of 1894-95, to go no further back, a carload of oranges consisted of 300 boxes of standard size. For the next season (1895-96) about one-half of the crop from Southern California had been shipped when an order was issued by the railway companies increasing the minimum weight for a carload from 20,000 pounds to 24,000 pounds. This increase raised the number of boxes of oranges for a carload from 300 to 324. During the present season all shipments of oranges from Southern California have been 324 boxes to the car. If then," went on the shipper, "you multiply the number of cars sent out each season by the respective number of boxes of oranges each contained, you will find as follows: For the season of 1894-95 there were 7700 carloads of 300 boxes to the car, making a total for the season of 2,310,000 boxes. For the season of 1895-96 there were 7240 carloads shipped, of which about one-half or say 3520 carloads were at 300 boxes to the car, and 3720 at 324 boxes, making for that season a total of 2,295,000 boxes shipped. For the present season the shippers, including those to go forward, will be, as figured out, 6900 carloads, which at 324 boxes to the car make a total of 2,235,600 boxes. Now you see," he continued, "that although this season's total shipments from Southern California are, when figured out in carloads, 6412, less than last season, the actual quantity of oranges shipped is 500 boxes greater."

As an official of the Southern California Fruit Exchange, it was learned that up to as late as last September it was supposed among some orange shippers that this season's crop might amount to 8000 carloads of 324 boxes to the car. This belief was further confirmed by investigation made by the railway companies, who reported that the crop would easily reach 8375 carloads. Later reports made it clear that the crop was not so large as was modified, due chiefly to the unusual amount of dropping that developed itself in the orchards as the fruit more nearly approached maturity.

QUALITY OF THE ORANGES.
Of the quality of this season's crop shippers agree that it was, as a whole, superior to that of last season. Climatic conditions during the summer months were generally favorable and as there was an almost entire absence of frost during the winter months the result was the fruit was well matured and handsome in appearance. In respect to sizes the navel averaged very high, there being an unusual number of 6 1/2's and 7's. It only took 64 of them to fill a box. Choice navels averaged about 112 to the box. The amount paid to the railway companies for transportation of the orange crop of Southern California this season will be about \$2,000,000.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

Lytle Creek Light and Power Company Incorporated.

SAN BERNARDINO, May 13.—[Reg. Correspondence.] Articles of incorporation of the Lytle Creek Light and Power Company were filed today with the County Recorder. The directors are Henry Fischer, H. H. Sinclair, George Eldis, John L. Campbell and James Hutchings. The capital stock, actually subscribed, is \$300,000, of which Henry Fischer has \$75,000; H. H. Sinclair, \$75,000; J. A. Campbell, \$150,000. Mr. Sinclair is president and manager of the Redlands Electric Light and Power Company, which is at present supplying Redlands, Riverside and Colton with electric lights. Henry Fischer is secretary and is interested in the Southern California Power Company, which is developing power in San Antonio Canon, and proposes to connect the Lytle Creek power plant with the Southern California Power Company. Contracts have already been signed for 2000 horse-power to be furnished by the Southern California Power Company.

THE LAUNDRY NUISANCE.

During the excitement of the anti-Chinese feeling the City Trustees made an endeavor to establish a regular Chinatown on Third street, in the eastern portion of the city, and partially succeeded in removing this undesirable class from the business center. No. 13, passed May 24, 1887, restricted the location of wash-houses and laundries to a block of Fourth street, except upon application and permission from the Health Officer of the city. The latter clause was for the purpose of locating laundries other than Chinese in any portion of the city. Another restriction placed on laundries was that there should be no work done in them between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m., punishable with a fine from \$10 to \$100, or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or both. In various portions of the city the Chinese wash-houses have crept back, and are run without regard to the time limit. There are rumors that an attempt will be made to enforce the ordinance mentioned, and stop the night work. This will give the Celestials more time to plan faint and other games.

It has been decided to hold memorial services for the nation's dead at the Pavilion on Sunday evening, May 30, when Rev. J. C. Rollins, pastor of the Congregational Church, will preach the funeral sermon, and a large choir will furnish the music. These services will be preliminary to the decoration exercises of the following day, which will be made to enforce the ordinance mentioned, and stop the night work. This will give the Celestials more time to plan faint and other games.

SANTA MONICA.
SANTA MONICA, May 13.—[Reg. Correspondence.] Santa Monicaans are preparing to attend the performance of "Pinafore," to be given Tuesday evening, May 14, at the Los Angeles Theater, for the benefit of the

SANTA MONICA.
SANTA MONICA, May 13.—[Reg. Correspondence.] Santa Monicaans are preparing to attend the performance of "Pinafore," to be given Tuesday evening, May 14, at the Los Angeles Theater, for the benefit of the

jubilee celebration in this city June 25. Herman and Roy Sulliger and Dolores Machado of this city are home from the State University at Berkeley for the summer vacation. Mrs. Ross Barrackman, who several weeks ago was taken to a hospital in Los Angeles in a critical condition, has returned home, fully restored to health. Maj. H. M. Russell of Los Angeles who owns several homes here, is giving them a general repainting, and is also building a new cottage on Second street. Mrs. Wirtz of Los Angeles is building two new cottages on South Second street.

A paint with a color, that holds its luster, that can be duplicated any place, any time, a paint you can depend upon—

HARRISON'S.
P. H. Mathews,
238-240 S. Main St.
Middle of Block,
Bet. Second and Third Streets

JUST RECEIVED
THE CHOIR INVISIBLE; by James Lane Allen. Price, \$1.50
For Sale by C. C. PARKER,
236 S. Broadway. (Near Public Library).
The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books on the Pacific Coast.

Studebaker's

People who buy Studebaker vehicles have the assurance of the best making that skilled labor can produce, and best materials that money will buy. The "Studebaker" lead the world.

Some \$80 and \$165 open car top buggies now for \$65 to \$110. Leather top and leather trimming.

200-202 N. Los Angeles St.

TOMSON'S SOAP FOAM

Washing Powder is the best. Every package is guaranteed. It comes in 5c, 15c and 25c pkgs.

Seek Optical Work of Expert.
J. G. Marshall, Established 1876. 245 S. Spring St. Optician and Eye Specialist. S. J. Marshall, Established 1876. 245 S. Spring St. Optician and Eye Specialist.

Wash Waists

In styles and colorings that are unequalled in all the city—35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. AND UP.

L. Magnin & Co., Manufacturers
237 S. Spring St.

Human Hair Goods

Best stock, largest assortment, newest styles, lowest prices. We are expert manufacturers in every branch.
IMPERIAL HAIR BAZAAR,
224-226 W. SECOND ST. Phone Black 1381.

Los Angeles Business College

Oldest, Largest, Best. Experienced Teachers. Modern Methods. Thorough Courses of Study in Bookkeeping, Typewriting and Accounting. New Illustrated Catalogue sent Free. 212 West Third St.

Bartlett's Music House,

Everything in Music.
233 S. Spring St. Established 1875.
Sole Agency
Steinway Pianos.

ONE BOTTLE CURES

M'Burney's Kidney and Bladder Cure. Price \$1.50. All Druggists. W. F. M'Burney, Sole Mfr., 418 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 Broadway, Tel. 904 Main.

KNIT UNDERWEAR.

A visit to this department will reveal to the intending purchaser, new fabrics, dainty colorings, later improvements, in shapes and styles, at prices which can only be shown by buying direct from the manufacturer.

Ladies Sleeveless Fine Maco Cotton Vests, fine finish, full sizes, 4 for 25c.

Ladies' Richelleu Ribbed Vests, fine quality, three ribbons, 2 for 25c.

Ladies' White Lisle Thread Vests, silk-embroidered neck, with silk ribbons, 3 for 50c.

Ladies' Fancy Cotton Vests, pink and blue, silk trimmed, latest shapes, 3 for 50c.

Ladies' Extra Fine Lisle Thread Vests, white and ecru, silk ribbons, 25c each.

Ladies' High Neck, Long Sleeve Cotton Vests, pants to match, 25c each.

Ladies' Silk Vests, pink, blue, lavender, cream, black, nothing like them at 50c each.

Ladies' Fine Egyptian Cotton Union Suits, silk trimmed, pearl buttons, improved shapes, 50c each.

Ladies' Equestrian Tights, fast black, ecru and white, perfect fitting, 50c each.

Ladies' Lisle Thread Union Suits, white and ecru, high and low neck, Oneta shapes, 75c each.

High art in Parasols, the perfection of which will be shown in our North window and on our counters today and Saturday only. The most elegant exhibition of extreme imported novelties ever made in Los Angeles. Prices ranging from \$5.00 to \$25.00 each.

PARASOLS

High art in Parasols, the perfection of which will be shown in our North window and on our counters today and Saturday only. The most elegant exhibition of extreme imported novelties ever made in Los Angeles. Prices ranging from \$5.00 to \$25.00 each.

H. JEVNE

Each Visitor to Our City

Is especially invited to pay this store a call. We believe that anyone who is interested in the growth and progress of the Southland will be interested in the representative Grocery Store of this section. Our pleasant sitting-room is only one feature of this modern store—the surety of the best quality, abundant assortment and moderate prices are other pleasant features.

208-210 South Spring St., Wilcox Building.

WOLLACOTT'S

Every NOTED Brand of Whisky at

Wines and Liquors. 124-126 N. Spring St.

No household complete without

Ramona Flavoring Extracts

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM

NEWARK BROS., Manufacturers, Los Angeles, Cal.

"HOUSEHOLD"

WATER BOTTLES

220 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, C.N. Ad. Co.

Sale & Son

give universal satisfaction. They cost a little more than the cheap water bottles, but you will never have occasion to regret buying one.

FAIR TREATMENT.

If Columbia Bicycles were not worth \$100 they would be sold for a less price. We cannot afford to be unfair to you nor to ourselves. We give you fair value—you give us fair price.

Standard of the World.

Columbia Bicycles \$100 to all alike.

HARTFORD Bicycles, second only to Columbias, \$60, \$50, \$45. STEPHENS & HICKOK, 433 and 435 S. Broadway.

Scrofula, Rheumatism, Eczema, Ulcers, Glands and all diseases of the blood are cured by the use of SWAIN'S PANACEA. Swain cures with it. SWAIN'S PANACEA. Address, F. L. SMITH, 216 S. Spring Street. Telephone 34.

Buy Underwear, Hats, Shirts, Neckwear,

YOUR YOUR YOUR YOUR YOUR

SIEGEL

Under Nadeau Hotel.

Instantaneous Tapioca

A variety of delicious desserts can be made from it in a few minutes. Requires no soaking—very little cooking. 10c per package; \$1.10 dozen

Telephones 26 and 49. 216-218 South Spring St.

Cashmere Store

314 & 316 South Spring St. Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers.

Straw Hats

131 South Spring St. All New Styles, Stylish, and at the right prices.

Imported S. F. Wellington COAL, \$10.50 Per Ton.

Delivered to any part of the city. Be certain of getting the genuine article, supplied with inferior prices. It lasts longer and saves more money.

BANNING COMPANY, 222 S. Spring St. Office Telephone, Main 36. Yard Telephone, Main 1047

Great Removal Sale

Only 17 Days more In this Store

17 Days of Great Values.

17 Days of Low Prices.

17 Days of Monster Bargains.

10c Ladies' Prime Black Hose

10c Ladies' Full Finished Hose

10c Ladies' Black and Tan Hose, full finished double heel

10c Ladies' Hose, come in black and tan, plain and drop-stitched, full finished

10c Boys' and Children's School Hose

10c Boys' and Children's Black Hose, fine ribbed

10c Boys' and Children's Black Hose, fine ribbed

10c Boys' and Children's Hose, Albion black double knee, at

10c Summer Corset

10c Summer Corset, double side, steel silk-finished, at

10c Ladies' Prime Black Hose

10c Ladies' Full Finished Hose

10c Ladies' Black and Tan Hose, full finished double heel

10c Ladies' Hose, come in black and tan, plain and drop-stitched, full finished

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City Briefs.

Conductors. Your friends will be interested in the proceedings of your national convention. Tell them all about it by sending them The Times for ten days, at 25 cents, including postage. All those who prefer it may obtain for 10 cents, at the close of the convention, a full account of the proceedings and all other matters pertaining to the visit of the conductors in a special edition included in a colored cover. This special "Conductors' Edition" will contain also the graphic and interesting "Story of Transportation" that was printed in the Railway Number of The Times on March 15. Price of the special edition, 10 cents.

The clients of Morgan & Walls, architects, will be pleased to hear they have moved their office to "Anderson's" and Merchants' Bank building. No longer will they have to climb four flights of stairs to reach them.

May 15, afternoon and evening, at 256 South Broadway, the finest exhibit of sweet peas and carnations ever seen in Los Angeles. Admission will be 25 cents. Tickets 10 cents. Collins, florist.

Free outing to Catalina. On June 1 we will send three of our conductors to the island and pay all the expenses. Bumiller & Marsh, Hatters and Furnishers, 120 South Spring street.

The Natick House serves the best meals in the city. Call for a call. Will serve chicken dinner from 4:45 to 7:30 Sunday. Meals, 25c, or 21 for \$4.50.

Conductors will do well to visit Campbell's Curio Store, 325 S. Spring street, and see the great collection of Indian, Mexican, and California curios.

Pine Tree State Association will hold its annual picnic at Verdugo Park Saturday, May 15. Trains leave Terminal depot at 10 a.m.

A delightful vacation at Catalina Island, free of expense, is worth having. See Bumiller & Marsh about it, at No. 120 S. Spring.

Special sale of souvenir spoons. Mexican drawn work and rag figures, Campbell's Curio Store, 325 S. Spring street. Ten thousand a year! See the 100 per cent. saving at hotel for sale, elsewhere in this paper.

Three free outings to Catalina given away by Bumiller & Marsh, 120 South Spring.

Fend Hall, Miss Anna Hunkut, Alaska missionary, speaks tonight. Mexican leather carver at Campbell's. Mexican wax figures at Campbell's. Van Storage Co., Tel. Main 1146. Sitting Bull relics at Campbell's.

There are only eighty-five prisoners in the City Jail at present. As a usual thing there are about 100 or 110. There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Miss G. Faine, O. S. Knight, Mrs. Frank Rogers.

The annual meeting of the Los Angeles Orphan's Home Society will be held at Mr. Coulter's church, on North Broadway, at 2 p.m. today.

Walter Hart was arrested early yesterday morning for driving across the intersection of First and Spring streets with undue haste. Officer Richards made the arrest.

A yellow rattlesnake five feet long, carrying nine rattles, was killed at the corner of Olive and Seventh streets yesterday forenoon. He probably came into town in a load of hay.

Charles Sepulveda was arrested yesterday by Officer Long on a complaint charging him with battery. Sepulveda was accused of having slapped a woman during a neighborhood row near his home hard by Sycamore Grove.

The eminent Catholic divine, Rev. Father P. C. Yandell, will deliver a course of three lectures, beginning May 20, at the Los Angeles Theater, under the auspices of the Catholic Truth Society, to which the public is cordially invited.

The members of the Plymouth Congregational Church met last Wednesday evening, at the call of the trustees. A unanimous call was extended to Rev. Dr. Joseph Wild, D.D., late of the Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto, Can., to become the pastor.

The new directors of the Southern California Academy of Sciences are: W. A. Spaulding, R. B. Baumgardt, W. H. Knight, J. J. Kinney, J. D. Hooker, J. S. Vosburg, Prof. J. A. Fosbury and Mrs. A. E. Prager. H. Bishop, A. Davidson and Joseph C. Nevins, Phil.

At the annual meeting of the Los Angeles Orphan's Home Society today at 2 o'clock, at the Church of Christ, on North Broadway, the following officers will be elected: Rev. Burt Esch Howard, W. C. Patterson, Douglas Perkins, president of the Orphan's Home at Cleveland, O., and Mrs. Annie S. Averill.

A negro named Pepper, a morphine fiend, temporarily insane and believing himself pursued by Texas officers who made voices out of him out of the table and wanted to kill him with electricity, was locked up in the City Jail yesterday to stay there till he should recover his senses. Pepper was in jail for the same reason only a short time ago.

PERSONALS.

Charles Adams and wife, Little Rock, Ark., are at the Ramona.

Sig. A. Albert and wife, San Francisco, are located at the Ramona.

G. F. Close and wife and Thomas J. Gray of Port Jervis, N. Y., have apartments at the Ramona.

L. L. Helmer and wife, Miss Mae Helmer and Miss Kate Ibel are late arrivals from Terre Haute, Ind., at the Ramona.

Fletcher B. Dresslar, professor of psychology at the State Normal School, will go to the University of California as assistant professor of pedagogy.

H. K. Snow, one of the Washington delegates of the Citrus Tariff Committee, returned yesterday. He reports everything as progressing well and in good shape.

J. M. Harvey, Carbondale, Pa.; John Long, Hoboken, N. J.; J. J. Carroll, New Haven, Ct.; J. J. Reynolds, Worcester, Mass., are among the railway men at the Ramona.

The Rev. C. S. Mason, president of the city Christian Endeavor Union, has gone to San Francisco to arrange matters relative to the Los Angeles representation at the Christian Endeavor Convention.

Ex-State Senator Thomas Maher of San Francisco arrived from the north yesterday, and is staying at the Westminster. The Senator is here as a witness in a case on trial in the United States Court. He will remain in the city until tomorrow night.

Powder Mill Disaster.

CINCINNATI, May 13.—There was an explosion at the powder mills of the A. L. Duc Fireworks Company at Reading, O., this afternoon. Several persons were fatally injured, and Frank Moore and George Bukenbruck slightly injured. These three were the only ones in the building when the explosion occurred. The loss was only \$300.

JIMBUDD'S REFORM.

HOW IT WORKS AT WHITTIER STATE SCHOOL.

The New Superintendent Credited with Good Intentions, but Laboring Under Difficulties.

NINE RECENT DECAPITATIONS.

VICTIMS OF MRS. MITCHELL'S RAPID-FIRING POLICY.

New Employees Pining for Their Beer and Tobacco — Why the Whistle Has Ceased to Blow. It Was Doctored.

As "Jim Budd's" reform at the Whittier State School progresses the contract between the old and the new order of things about that institution becomes more and more pronounced. It is apparent to the most casual observer and to those familiar with the manifold difficulties in the way of conducting such an institution with a view to securing the best results and reducing to a minimum the liability to scandal, the present outlook is dubious, indeed. Superintendent Van Alstyne has now had charge of his new job a little over two weeks, and while those capable of judging him credit for being conscientious in his efforts to master the perplexing situation in which he finds himself, he is totally inexperienced in the peculiar region of reform necessary for running an institution filled with several hundred more or less cunning young fellows well versed in the art of mischief-making. But when Mr. Van Alstyne is given credit for all his good intentions, that is about all that can be said for "Jim Budd's" new reform outfit at Whittier up to date. Even if the raw recruits assigned to positions under him, to carry out his good intentions, can be credited in every instance with similar motives, their general inexperience in such positions would insure a state of things very unpromising for the new regime.

It now develops that the recent meeting of the "Jim Budd" trustees was a continuation of Mrs. Mitchell's policy of rapid-firing, and up to date nine more of the old officials have, as a result, "walked the plank." How many more may have similar fates awaiting them will only be revealed when they receive the brief little notices in blue ink, announcing the fact. The work of the meeting was done in star chamber sessions, notwithstanding all the high-sounding professions of "Jim Budd" reformists, in the line of Democratic simplicity.

Special officials to feel the weight of Mrs. Mitchell's vengeance are Maj. Charles Renaud, instructor in military; Superintendent Patterson of the brick yards; Ellen J. Wilson, substitute officer at the girls' department; C. O. Tucker, night guard at the girls' school; A. A. Bailey, day guard at the girls' school; and J. W. Ginn, a capable man. A. R. Swain has twice before figured briefly in the employment of the State at Whittier, and during the Delos railroad strikes three years ago left his department there in the lurch without a head, by quitting one night to take the place of a striking employee on the Southern Pacific Railway. But his career on the railroad as conductor, then baggage man, and later something else, was as brief as it was varied.

C. O. Tucker, who is one of the decapitated officials, has been with the school seven years and has been a most efficient and exemplary employee, in a position where punctuality, vigilance and intelligence are required, as well as a thoroughly spotless moral character. In fact, every official of the institution and every person admitted to the grounds is required to be by the letter and the spirit of the laws intended to govern the institution to be of such a character as to conduct himself in such a manner as to set an example to the young inmates for the elevation of their moral ideas. This is where the rub is reported to come in with some of the newly-appointed officials, who, it is said, do not relish the idea of being forced to refrain from smoking and other taboos habits, as the price of holding their jobs, now that they have got them.

One of these new officials is said to be rapidly losing his florid complexion and to be growing less corpulent under the severe and continued strain. When he assumed his place the other day and was seated at the table, he caused considerable amusement among the boys by remarking to the boy detailed to wait upon him that it was "a d—d shame to prohibit a feller from having a little beer with his meal." Why," he exclaimed, "it is the first time in my life that I have e't a meal without my beer." The idea of such a thing as expecting beer served on the tables at the Whittier State School was very amusing to the boys, and the joke is going the rounds.

The several boys who recently escaped and who were recaptured are now "doing time" for their escapade. They are confined in cells, and when they are let out to wash themselves and to fill their cups with water. Then they are returned to their separate cells and given a hot bath and bread on which to subsist until the next morning. It has leaked out why the customary alarm was not sounded by the steam whistle on the night of their escape. Also why the whistle has not been blown since, to announce, as usual, the hours of 6 a.m. noon and 6 p.m. The boys doctored the instrument previous to their departure. This was the only damage they did to the machinery although it is said they had in their power to have blown the whistle electric plant worth \$50,000, as easily as they cut the valve out of the whistle.

A SPRING TONIC.

Is an absolute necessity to many. There's nothing so good as Anheuser-Busch's Malt-Nutrine, the food drink Palatable and strengthening. At all drugists.

TAKE A SUNDAY TRIP TO CATALINA ISLAND.

Southern Pacific Company's Sunday service for the season resumed commencing May 16. Leave Arcade Depot 8 a.m. Four hours on the island. Round trip, \$2.50.

DO YOU KNOW Bromo-Kola will cure headaches, sour stomach and nervousness?

Ladies' Sailors

ZOBEL'S...

Special offer of Ladies' wide brim, double rim, pineapple braid, hatters' finish Sailors, with latest man-of-war trimming, at

\$1.00

This same Hat in narrower brim and bell crown shape, for

87c

LUD ZOBEL,

The Wonder

Millinery,

219 S. Spring Street.

LOOK And You'll BUY

Our attractive styles of Shoes, at attractive prices, will convince you that no one can give you more value or treat you better than we. When you want

Shoes or Oxfords

call in and let us show you what we have.

McCUMMINS THE SHOE MAN 410 SO. SPRING ST.

Souvenir Spoons.

Visitors to Los Angeles will find our assortment of Souvenir Spoons in Southern California. Dainty, typical spoons in sterling silver are shown at prices ranging from 75c to \$5 each.

LISSNER & CO., Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Opticians, 235 S. Spring Street, Music Hall Building.

FLOWERS AT CUT RATES.

Double Violets, bunch..... 5c

Double Violets, large bunch with foliage..... 15c

Velvet and Muslin..... 25c

Roses, large bunch..... 25c

Velvet and Silk Roses, large bunch..... 33c

Spring Street

Cut-Millinery.

H. HOFFMAN, Proprietor.

165 North Spring St.

PANAMA SAILOR DAY

TOMORROW, at the

Eclipse Millinery,

257 South Spring St.

Lowest Prices ever told of.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

DEXTER SAMSON, 523 S. Spring st.

Special attention paid to embalming and shipping bodies East. Phone, main 613.

Licensed to Wed.

Richard Prang, aged 32, and Annie Steinmetz, aged 19; both natives of Germany and residents of Pasadena.

BIRTH RECORD.

BUNCE—On Tuesday, May 11, 1907, to the wife of Mark Bunce, a son.

NOTICE.

The Chicago special will leave 10 p.m. Saturday, as scheduled. Enough cars will remain to accommodate those wishing to stay until close of Grand Division.

Eight Grand Sales.

Each hour today will be a whole day so far as great money saving goes in this store. We have selected some startling bargains from each department for the hours separately named. No article will be sold at the price here quoted before or after the special time. Come early or come late you cannot but be satisfied.



These special items will be the hour's attraction between 9 and 10 o'clock.

Men's Genuine French Web Suspenders, silk embroidered, gilt fastenings, well worth \$5; One hour, at..... 28c

Ladies' Flawn, colored border hemstitched Handkerchiefs in assorted patterns, worth 50c; One hour, at..... 33c

Narrow Black Jet Headings in rich black luster edges, bands and insertion designs, worth 15c and 20c; From 9 to 10, at..... 83c

Christy Bread and Cake Knife..... 7c

Chemical Olive Laundry Soap, 10 bars, each..... 19c

All sizes Gold Fishes..... 5c

25 pieces of Novelty Sailing in crepon effects and iridescent colors, extra value at 50c; on sale from 9 to 10 this morning, at..... 25c

Ladies' finest French Kid Hand-turned Buttons and Lace Shoes, cloth tops, new open toes, French heels, all sizes, 50 kinds; One hour, at..... \$4.40

Very pretty line of Dimities in all colors and patterns, regular..... 23c

Immense lines of Waists in every style of pattern and coloring, detachable collars, worth \$1.00 to \$1.50; at..... 69c

These special items will be the hour's attraction between 10 and 11 o'clock.

Killarney Linen, ruled, and Atlantic Mail, unruled, lined paper and envelopes, worth 50c a box; at..... 25c

Large cake Tar Soap for..... 15c

Men's Tooth Powder..... 10c

Men's Seamless Half Hose, fancy mixtures, worth 50c half dozen; One hour at..... 40c

Wide Normandy Valenciennes Laces, 7 inches wide, tulip patterns, wash designs, 15c yard qualities; For one hour, at..... 6c

Ladies' Pearl Handle, 2-Blade Pocket Knife..... 10c

Plain Lead Blown Water Tumbler, each..... 3c

Black Japanese Water Pails, 14-quart size..... 3c

600 yards of Fancy Shades, in surah silk, extra heavy and all silk, a grand collection of shades, every yard worth 25c a yard; On sale from 10 to 11 a.m., at..... \$1.48

Pure White, reserved, No. 1 quality, worth 50c; One hour only, at..... \$1.00

Ladies' Extra Fine Percalé Undershirts, in pretty stripes, umbrella style, and regular price..... \$1.00

Blazer Suits, of dark fancy two-toned diagonal cloths, well made up, 50 suits at..... \$1.79

These special items will be the hour's attraction between 11 and 12 o'clock.

Non-breakable Straw Hats for boys 7 to 16 years; One hour, at..... 15c

Ladies' Handy Shopping Bag, seven lined and riveted handle, worth 30c; One hour at..... 20c

Fine and heavy Mesh Tuxedo Veiling in marigold chenille dots, 12 1/2 inches wide, every yard worth 30c; On sale from 11 to 12 a.m., at..... 12 1/2c

16 pieces of Black Bourette Crepon in elegant brocade patterns, 44 inches wide, sold by us all season at \$1.25; On sale today from 11 to 12 a.m., at..... 59c

Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, patent leather tips and cloth tops, 12 1/2 to 13 1/2 kinds for..... \$1.80

Silkoline and sateen covered Headrests, 30c to 50c kinds; For one hour, at..... 15c

Infants' Knitted Sacques of white chevron, trimmed in colors, very pretty and worth..... 25c

Children's Egyptian Sateen Ribbed Union Suits, high neck and long sleeves, regular..... 45c

These special items will be the hour's attraction between 12 and 1 o'clock.

Children's Tan Vel Kid Sandals, made with one strap and bow, sizes 5 to 8; \$1.50 quality; One hour at..... \$1.00

Ladies' Fine Hairbrigan Vests, high neck, cap sleeves or sleeveless, silk trimmed, worth 35c; at Tan, black, blue, green and purple Broadcloths, and tan mixed values up to \$6.00; at..... \$3.99

Ladies' 24-inch Changeable Silk Serge Parasols with the new carved ivory handles, regular..... \$1.95

Marseilles Towels, good size, bordered and fringed, regular..... 41c

Organdies, light and dark colors, in prett styles, great variety, worth 10c to 15c a yard; at..... 61c

Misses' Straw Hats, with straight or fancy brims, white and colored, straw, or 50c hats; at..... 25c

Men's Percalé Shirts, with and without collars, large sizes only..... 37c

Stamper Swiss in white for sash cords, with extra apings in blue and white, 50c; One hour at..... 7c

Oriental Laces, 5 to 15 inches, cream and white, open Irish Point pattern, worth 50c to 60c yard; One hour at..... 25c

Butterfly's Patterns; June Delineator and Class of Fashions are now on sale.

Remember the Grand Concert by the Seventh Regiment Band Saturday night.

These special items will be the hour's attraction between 2 and 3 o'clock.

Lace Curtains, 45 inches by 3 yards, taped in ecru floral designs, 49c

White Cambric and Swiss Embroideries, in fine crocheted and open Irish point edges, 107 inches wide and regular 25c values; One hour at..... 12 1/2c

4-inch wide Black Moire Ribbon suitable for hat and dress trimmings, worth 50c yard; at..... 20c

Boys' Navy Blue Figured Percalé waists, pleated back, and front..... 16c

Hemstitched Pillow Cases, 36x58 inches, at..... 16c

Hemstitched Sheets, 54x90 in., at..... 38c

Hemstitched Sheets, 72x90 in., at..... 45c

Children's broad-brimmed Leghorn Hats, good quality, also used as ladies' garden hats, 18c

Extra quality Brass Cage with fine Canary Bird..... 25c

No. 7 best quality Agate Tea Kettle..... 7c

2-Quart Pressed Glass Water Pitcher..... 10c

Fancy Dress Plaid Gingham, best quality of domestic goods, newest styles, 9c quality; at..... 5c

These special items will be the hour's attraction between 3 and 4 o'clock.

Three lines of very handsome Middy Suits, in solid blue and navy blue, mixed chevrons with nobby duck best and collars that can be washed; collar prettily finished with contrasting color washable braid; instead of 50c we mark 'em for today and tomorrow at 35c.

Boys' Wash Suits..... \$2.00.

Good serviceable colors in washable duck, well made, handsome linen colors; others at \$2.50.

Boys' 50c Underwear at 35c.

Shipped to us 60 days behind time; got a reduction from the tardy maker, that's why they're 35c instead of 50c. Hairbrigan natural gray Jersey-ribbed; also a special lot of boys' Underwear at 35c.

Boys' and Girls' Underwaists, made of the best twilled Jean, two rows of buttons, 35c.

Boys' Sweaters, 75c, red and blue small sizes boys' sweaters, red blue and tan \$1.00, all sizes; others at \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Boys' Duck Knee Pants, good ones, at 35c.

Boys' Silk Ties, teck shape, 55c ones at 15c.

If this ad were a nut and you were looking for the meat in it, these suits at \$2.45 would be the meat.

Zouave Jacket style, without vests, plain colors and a nobby scooped collar, 25c.

Elegantly made and trimmed with braid. Only one or two of a kind—100 suits in all—most were \$5.00, few were \$4.00; now for..... \$2.45

Boys' \$5 Suits at \$2.45

London Clothing Co.

119, 121, 123, 125 North Spring Street..... S. W. Corner Franklin.

HARRIS & FRANK, PROPRIETORS

Good Business Men Need Good Clothes.

Polaski Bros.

Make the Clothes.

The Surprise Millinery, Wholesale and Retail, 242 South Spring St.

China and Glassware in great variety.

The Haviland

245 South Broadway.

BAUMAN'S

309 S. BROADWAY.

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BAUMAN'S

XVIITH YEAR.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 14, 1897.

PRICE (On Streets and Trains) 5c
At All News Agencies

New Effects in
VILLE de PARIS.
Fancy Ribbons.
Potomac Block
221-223 S. Broadway

Hosiery and Underwear

All up to the high standard for which this Department is noted.

15c	Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, in ecru and white, L. N. N. S.	15c
25c	Ladies' Fancy Ribbed Vests, lace trimmed, in ecru and white.	25c
35c	Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, of combed Egyptian cotton, L. N. N. S.	35c
50c	Ladies' Lisle Thread Vests, in pink, ecru, white and black.	50c
12c	Children's School Hose, fast black, double heels and toes.	12c
20c	Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, spliced heels, toes and soles.	20c
25c	Ladies' Tan Cotton Hose, in both plain and drop stitch.	25c

"The Tub Tells the Tale."

Buy one of our laundered shirts at 75c, \$1.00 or at \$1.25, take it home, wear it till it gets soiled, put it in the tub and soak it, and after you get the starch out of it, examine it—see how it's made, how it's put together, what it's made of and if you're not fully convinced that Standard Shirts are better than any shirts you ever bought before for the price you paid, bring it back starchless and we'll give you all you paid for it. Starch in a shirt is sometimes used like paint in a house to cover up the defects. You can get as good a shirt for \$1.00 today as you could for \$1.50 two years ago—but we know it's harder to get the dollar.

Silverwood
124 South Spring Street.

Insomnia Cured..

DEHESA, Cal., March 19, 1897.
Last spring, on account of having sickness in the family, I was in poor health, had lost my appetite, and was unable to sleep well. Upon the recommendation of Mr. B. A. Hooker, I bought a dozen bottles of Hospital Tonic. After taking it my appetite came back, I regained my lost flesh and was again able to sleep soundly. I consider it the best tonic I ever took, and can honestly recommend it to any one who was in the same condition I was in.
Yours respectfully,
EDWIN E. GREGG.

Hospital Tonic.

Sold at all drug stores; picture of nurse on every bottle; get the genuine; take no other.

Cottolene
is the best gift of modern chemical science to the culinary art. The best cooks use it because the food prepared with it is more appetizing, healthful, and economical.

The Cottolene trade-marks are "Cottolene" and star. And in color—yellow—on every tin.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
St. Louis, Chicago, Montreal, San Francisco, Portland, Oregon.

DR. LIEBIG & CO.
The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established in 1852, have their headquarters in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte, Mont., San Francisco, Los Angeles and 123 South Main Street.

In all private diseases of men
Not a dollar need be paid until cured.

CATARH a specialty. We cure the worst cases in two to three months. Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

Examination, including Analysis, Free.

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours.

Come and get it. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 12.

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

PASADENA DAY.

RAILWAY MEN MAKE A VISIT TO THE CROWN CITY.

Interested in Strange Sightings at the Ostrich Farm—The Visitors Pick Oranges.

SHORT CONVENTION SESSION.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LADIES' AUXILIARY GRAND DIVISION.

Inventor of the Caboose Cupola Among the Visitors—Convention Declares Opposition to the Business of Ticket-scalping.

John E. Hartell deserves a large share of the credit of the success of the present national convention of the Order of Railway Conductors. Hartell traveled 12,000 miles to assure the presence of a throng of visitors in the city when the Grand Division met, and it is largely due to his efforts that such a multitude of excursionists ac-

fourteen cars was so great that it was impossible for a conductor to make his way through the train. Accordingly there was no wailing of the punch.

Three engines snorted and groaned along, to pull the load to Pasadena, for the grades are heavy, and the load was a big one. Once arrived in Pasadena, the excursionists hurried out of the train and through the pretty depot out upon Colorado street. There they found a great assemblage of vehicles of every kind and description. There were elegant private carriages and pony carts and tandems, and road wagons, and dog carts, and comfortable old family phaetons and delivery wagons, cleaned and garlanded, and ready to be used to show the visitors the town.

The excursionists filled the vehicles, and then the procession moved off. It stretched through Pasadena for over a mile of length. For twenty minutes the party was driven in procession from the Pasadena people might marvel at it, and then the line broke up. The carriages scattered in every direction through the town. Some went to the Ostrich Farm, and some to the Raymond Hill. With most of the carriages, one resident of the town went along to drive and to tell the visitors marvelous tales about Southern California. Many people, finding that there were not carriages enough to go around, turned their vehicles over to the visitors, thus making room for one more, and told them to drive where and how they liked, when they were through to tie the horses near the depot, trusting to Providence to recover their property again.



THE "GLAD HAND" AT THE OSTRICH FARM.

companied the delegates on their journey across the continent.

Mr. Hartell has long been an active member of the Order of Railway Conductors. He was a delegate from Los Angeles to the national convention of the order held in Toledo, O., in 1890. For sixteen years he has been in the service of the Southern Pacific. Eleven years ago he took charge of the first passenger train which left Los Angeles for Santa Barbara, and he has worked on the Santa Barbara line ever since. Before that time he was a conductor on the Colton branch of the Southern Pacific.

Last fall Mr. Hartell went to work heart and soul to make the convention a success. He was a member of the local Executive Committee. On November 4, 1896, he started on a trip around the United States to work up interest in the coming convention. Between that day and December 25, 1896, he traveled 12,000 miles, and slept in a hotel only thirteen nights, and in a sleeper all the rest of the time.

He went with a rush train place to place. He telegraphed ahead that he was coming, and told the local officers of the order to call special meetings of the members of their divisions. When he reached a city, he went directly to the lodge rooms, and spent every minute of the time in urging the members to visit the convention during the convention, accompanying the delegates to the Pacific Coast. In this manner he visited San Francisco, Portland, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Cedar Rapids, Chicago, Niagara, Buffalo, New

Not quite all of the 2000 people in the party were able to get a drive, but those who did not took a spin on the electric cars or went walking through the place.

The visitors were welcomed everywhere. They were invited to drive through private grounds and get out and help themselves to all the flowers they could carry. They were taken into the hearts of orange orchards and told to eat and to pick as much of the golden fruit as they liked. This experience of actually picking oranges, lemons and their lovely blossoms was the crowning delight of the day.

The people who came on the Terminal road, about six hundred in all, were welcomed in the same hospitable way, driven through the city and invited to help themselves to fruit and flowers to their hearts' content.

About 11 o'clock the excursionists gathered again at the depot, and started on the return trip, loaded down with fruit, flowers and delight. The party which came on the Southern Pacific returned on the Terminal, and the party which came by the Terminal returned by the Southern Pacific.

The parties going and coming on the Terminal made a stop at the South Pasadena Ostrich Farm of three-quarters of an hour. The ostriches had very considerably arranged a special attraction for them, a brood of young birds just come into the world.

In one part of the farm was a nest on which an ostrich was hard at work, incubating a lot of eggs. A crowd of all paid her a visit, much to her disgust.



SEEING THE RURAL DISTRICT.

York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlotte, Asheville, Raleigh, Columbia, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Montgomery, Atlanta, New Orleans, Fort Worth, San Antonio and El Paso. Mr. Hartell spent five days in Atlanta, and while there worked up the idea of a special from Atlanta, which materialized so well.

EXCURSION TO PASADENA.
Yesterday was Pasadena day. A multitude of conductors poured out of the city, and spent the morning in the city, and the afternoon in the hospitable town. There were more people there than could be accommodated, but everybody turned himself inside out to make the visitors as comfortable as possible.

For once the visitors to the city had to get up early. The starting time was 8 o'clock, in the morning. Both the Arcade and the Terminal depots were crowded with an excited multitude when the conductors yelled "All aboard!" The train which was stationed in the Arcade depot had fourteen coaches. The crowd poured into them by the hundred, until every seat was filled, and the aisles jammed with perspiring excursionists. The crush in the

of the grand officers without comment or discussion. This recommendation was approved by the convention. The reports are now fully ratified by the convention except that the recommendations as to changes in the insurance laws of the order as recommended by the grand officers, are in the hands of the Committee on Jurisprudence, over which George M. Miles presides.

Resolutions were presented by various members on a variety of subjects. The only ones of much importance were one declaring the Grand Division was opposed to the business of ticket-scalping and one declaring in favor of the bill presented by Senator Foraker in favor of agreement between railroads by which they can maintain rates. Both these resolutions were adopted.

There will be sessions of the Grand Division today and Saturday as usual at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Grand Chief Conductor E. E. Clark says that he has never known a national convention of the order at which there was such a large attendance of visitors. He lays this to the fact that the people of the East have all heard glowing tales of the great West, and that they welcomed this favorable opportunity to make the long journey across the continent. He says the special which came West could not hold all the people who wanted to make the trip, and that from every special people were turned away by the dozen.

THE CABOOSE CUPOLA.

Invented by a Freight Conductor Thirty-five Years Ago.

T. B. Watson of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is now in Los Angeles attending the convention of railway conductors. He has retired from active service and is now chiefly known as the inventor of the useful cupola on the caboose of a freight car. In 1863 he was conductor of a freight train running between Clinton and Cedar Rapids on the Chicago and Northwestern Railway. One morning he had orders to turn over his caboose to another conductor and use an empty box car.

The car he selected happened to have a square hole in the lid. Seeing the possibilities of this aperture as a lookout station, Mr. Watson piled up some boxes into a temporary platform and took his seat on the top, with his head and shoulders through the aperture. The view he thus obtained of his train was so good that he called the attention of the master car builder to his pilot-house. The car builder was a man of ideas, and from that time on the cupola was a feature on every caboose turned out from that shop. Other lines took it up, and now no caboose is seen without the pilot-house in the roof.

LADIES' AUXILIARY.

Secret Session of the Grand Division.

Turnverein lodge rooms were crowded to suffocation yesterday afternoon with the secret session held by the Grand Division of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the Order of Railway Conductors. Nine grand officers were present and over one hundred delegates from the order division as well as nearly two hundred of the visiting delegates.

At 1:45 o'clock the meeting was called to order by the Grand President, Mrs. J. H. Moore, and the regular opening exercises were held. Mrs. W. E. Higgs,

Election of officers will take place at today's session of the convention, which begins at 1 p.m. sharp. The following candidates will be initiated into the local division tomorrow: Mrs. A. E. Brown, Mrs. A. H. Watkins, Mrs. William Winston, Mrs. Curry, Mrs. T. E. Denison, Palestine, Tex.; Mrs. A. R. Taber, Smithville, Tex.; Mrs. J. L. Branan, Mrs. W. O. Wick, Adams, Kelly, Mrs. W. H. Wright, all of Savannah, Ga.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Adrift in a strange city, with a boarding-house somewhere, but the name and the location and the way to get there forgotten—that was the melancholy plight in which Conductor Walsh of Blue Grass Division, No. 322, of Covington, Ky., found himself the other day. He racked his brain to remember where his boarding-house was, but entirely in vain. Then a brilliant idea struck him. He remembered that he had bought some Old Bourbon, as a sort of reminiscence of Kentucky, and he decided it sent to his room. He went to the liquor house. He asked in a quiet, unconcerned way if they had delivered the whisky. "Oh, yes," was the reply. Then the conductor said he was not sure he had given them the right address, and asked where they had taken it. The owner of the place told him the name of the boarding-house, its address

MRS. J. C. MCALL, CHAIRMAN PRESS COMMITTEE.

gins, the Grand Secretary, read the minutes of the two former meetings, and these, with one or two exceptions, were approved.

Reports of committees were next in order, and Mrs. John B. French of St. Louis, chairman of the Committee on Grievances and Appeals, reported the result of a meeting held by that committee the evening before. Mrs. H. I. Grimshaw, chairman of the committee appointed to draw up greetings to the main order, read the following greeting:

"To the Order of Railway Conductors: We, the members of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the Order of Railway Conductors, extend to you our hearty greetings and best wishes for a prosperous session."

Upon motion a messenger was summoned, and this greeting was sent at once to Music Hall, where the main order was assembled in secret session.

It was suggested by Mrs. Kneeland of Boone Island that a stenographer be employed to make an official report of the convention, but the motion was overruled by the president, who declared that the reports made by the secretaries were better than any stenographic record of the proceedings. In this connection, Mrs. Moore further stated that the official printed reports would be ready for sale soon after the close of the convention. Mrs. Palmer moved that a rule be established by which it should be made the duty of each division to purchase a copy of this official report of the proceedings of the convention. The motion was carried.

At this juncture a large basket of roses was brought into the room and presented to the President by Mrs. E. Clark, who acted as representative of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in paying this graceful tribute to the sister order.

A motion was made and carried that the Committee on Jurisprudence be made a standing committee.

It was ordered by the President that each division adopt and report resolutions on matters of interest to the convention.

REPORTS APPROVED.
Yesterday the Grand Division of the Order of Railway Conductors, assembled at Music Hall in biennial session, formally approved the reports of the grand officers for the past two years. Yesterday afternoon the session of the convention was called to order at 2 o'clock. The Committee on Grand Officers' Reports, through its chairman, J. D. Condit of St. Paul, reported in favor of the adoption of the reports

was carried, and she was assigned to Mississippi Division, No. 102.

The local lodge of the Order of the Eastern Star sent an invitation to visiting members of the order to meet in the office of Hotel Van Nuys at 7 o'clock Saturday evening, and he escorted in a body to the lodge rooms of the Eastern Star, at No. 107 1/2 North Main street. The invitation was accepted.

The question of admitting the men of the O.R.C. to the "O Why?" degree of the Ladies' Auxiliary was discussed at length, and finally left for further consideration today. The proposed initiation will probably take place some time tomorrow.

New business was then declared in order, and the motion was made and carried that Mrs. J. P. Jackson of Lima, Ill., be made a permanent member of the Grand Division. Mrs. Jackson is the originator of the order, and the founder of the first division.

The remainder of the session was devoted to business concerning the constitution and bylaws of the order. Late in the afternoon the meeting adjourned to the main hall of the Turn-

Angelenos this morning. The men in charge of the former are: J. D. Shultz, manager; S. L. Carpenter, secretary and Treasurer; Executive Committee, F. D. Ware, D. Barrett, J. D. Shultz, S. L. Carpenter, J. Foley and W. E. Kelley.

Cleveland is making an effort to be made national headquarters for the O.R.C. The headquarters have been in Cedar Rapids for a number of years. The making of a change, if any be made, rests with the Grand Division. If the matter comes up at all, it will be almost the last business transacted.

Most of the grand officers attended the theater last night.

M. N. Goss and wife and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McCall of St. Paul have taken apartments at the Narragansett. Mr. and Mrs. Goss entertained last night.

G. D. Cruik, the visiting conductor from Blue Island, Ill., now lying ill at the Sister's Hospital with the fever, belongs to the I. O. O. F., and K. O. T. M., and would like to have somebody connected with either of those organizations call and see him.

This evening a grand ball will be



THE ROSES OF PASADENA.

verein building, for the concluding ceremony of the Huntington floor exercise. This was a fancy drill, performed by eighteen members of the Chicago Division, No. 190, who have come to the convention for the sole purpose of showing this drill. The ladies were all dressed in black and a scarlet mortar-board and scarlet silk sashes. The main feature of this drill is the forming of the letters, "L. A. C. O. R. C." on the floor. The drill will be given in full at the ball to-night.

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JOHN E. HARTELL, LOCAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

and the number of the room. "Yes, that's right," said the relieved conductor, and went jubilantly off, restored to happiness. Mr. Walsh is general roadmaster of the Kentucky Central Railway.

G. W. Jones of Knoxville, Tenn., is at the Hollenbeck. Mr. Jones is a delegate to the convention, and he varied the monotony of the proceedings the other day by going to Westlake Park and getting lost in the fog. He did not find the way home until the last car had left the end of the line.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Dawson are in the city from Chicago, attending the convention. They are staying at the corner of Fourth and G streets. Mrs. Dawson yesterday joined the Ladies' Auxiliary.

Among the delegates to the convention is M. J. Land of Amoy, Miss. At the Atlanta convention of the O.R.C., two years ago, Mr. Land was secretary of the local committee, the place George F. Clough now holds. He was a delegate to Toronto in 1888. The salary of Chief Conductor E. E. Clark is \$5000 a year. Other officials of the order receive as much as \$3000 a year. The delayed New York and Pennsylvania specials are due to reach Los

given at Hazard's Pavilion by Los Angeles Division, No. 111, in honor of the delegates and visiting members of the order. Conductors' badges will admit them and ladies to any part of the pavilion. Arend's Orchestra will furnish music.

REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE.

A Nucleus Formed for a Club of Young Republicans.

About fifty Republicans, mostly young men, met last night in Judge Morrison's courtroom for the purpose of organizing a Republican club. S. M. Haskell of the Pomona Progress was chosen as temporary chairman and Lester L. Robinson as temporary secretary.

Capt. Cressy stated that a political club's chief usefulness was as an instrument to mail political opponents. He urged that steps be at once taken to effect a temporary organization, so as to be in shape to carry on the campaign of 1898 in which position he was sustained by Col. Albert de Leur, Frank Dominguez, C. W. Fleming, L. V. Youngworth, Theodore Martin, C. T. Deering, Joseph Baxter, Charles Wilde, and several other persons made short speeches, showing the necessity of effecting and maintaining a strong permanent organization.

On motion of G. A. Hough the chair was authorized to appoint a committee of five on constitution and bylaws, and a committee of five on membership. The members of the committee will be appointed within a few days. Frank Dominguez was appointed to secure a place for future meetings, and the chairman was instructed to call the next meeting at his discretion, and to announce generally the date through the press in order to avoid any further misrepresentation. The names of the persons were enrolled, and each member was commissioned to bring fresh recruits at the next meeting. After numerous pledges of enthusiastic support of the club adjourned to meet at the call of the chair.

BURIED AT ROSDALE.

Funeral Services of ex-Recorder J. A. Kelly.

Ex-Recorder J. A. Kelly, who killed himself a few days ago, was yesterday buried at Rosedale Cemetery.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon a few friends and relatives of the dead man, including his second wife and his children by his first marriage, gathered at Orr & Hines' undertaking parlors. Services were held by the Rev. Dr. Chichester of the Immanuel Presbyterian Church. At the close of the services the funeral procession moved to Rosedale Cemetery, where the body was interred.

Munhall Meetings.

The Munhall meetings will be held in Hazard's Pavilion next Sunday. In the afternoon the talk will be to youths and young men between the ages of 14 and 30 years. The evening meeting will be for every one. Sunday afternoon there will be a meeting for women only in Simpson Tabernacle, to be addressed by Mrs. Birch.

Yesterday afternoon Dr. Munhall spoke on the subject of "Sanctification." He will continue it today. In the evening his text was Acts 1:1, "And the disciples were called Christians first in Antioch." Christians are those who have repented of sin, confessed Christ openly, who are baptized, who are faithful, who are saints and fruitful in good works. A Christian in influence is a light. He is a soldier, enduring hardship as every good soldier does. A good Christian should be in the front of the battle for right, very one must do his duty to win the victory. "Come up to the help of the Lord against the mighty."

Second Trial of Chase.

M. M. Chase, the pension attorney who is accused of extorting excessive fees, was on trial yesterday for the second time. As there were not enough jurors qualified to make out the panel, a special venire of thirty was issued, returnable today.



Crops and Markets.

The weather during the past week has been generally favorable for orchards and root crops. The local weather office reports that in the upper lands the lack of rain continues to be evident. In Orange county barley harvesting has begun. Apricots and peaches continue to promise well, while reports show prunes to be a doubtful crop on account of dropping young fruit. Walnuts appear to be setting heavily.

The grain crop in Riverside county will be short, owing to the early cessation of winter rains. Reports from the north indicate that the grain crop of the State as a whole is expected to be short. The season has advanced so far that rains do only a limited amount of good now.

From Pomona it is reported that the frost of several weeks ago has done more damage than at first supposed, and some estimate that the apricot and walnut crops around Pomona will not be more than about half a full crop. The prune crop of Pomona will also be very short, on account of dropping of the fruit as a result of the frost. A small worm is doing much damage to the olives around Pomona.

There is a fair demand for dried fruit, stocks of many varieties being in light supply. Stocks of apricots and pears throughout the State are especially short. There are more prunes, but even of that fruit it is estimated that the total stock in the State is not over forty carloads, which is likely to be cleaned up during the next few months. Holders are still asking firm figures, in view of the uncertainty as to the condition of the coming crop. The eastern fruit crop, according to late advices, will be lighter than last year.

The local produce market has been without noteworthy change during the week. Butter and eggs continue firm; also new potatoes, which are bringing good prices.

The Olive Worm.

Reports come from Pomona of damage done to the growing olive crop by a small worm. A. B. Long of Pomona writes as follows to the Chamber of Commerce in regard to this pest:

"A sure-enough worm, it is apparently not of a regulation army type, whose countless battalions have been engaged with the usual result upon grasses and trees other than the olive in this section lately. Of that now under consideration, the maximum length is about one inch and a half, the mass exhibiting all sizes from that down, the greater body being black, the remainder green in color, and veritably as the sands of the sea for multitudes. Their presence is first discovered at the very ends of leaves, and then the limbs—topmost usually—devouring the bloom first, and then the leaves. When jarred or shaken from the ends of the limbs it still, in many instances, retains connection with the branch by a sort of web by means of which it will, if not forcibly severed, thereafter make its way back to its apparent home, and when violently dislodged it speeds thitherward via the trunk of the tree in resumption of its baneful work."

"It being asserted that this pest was in some places infesting the apricot, pear and other fruits, after exhausting the olive, a brother of Mr. Levi Wright—senior member of Wright's Nursery—in Southeast Pomona, placed tender apricot cuttings in a bag of worms, and in a few hours they were found to be lifeless; a further like test upon worms from another and distant orchard resulted similarly. These tests yield persuasive and gratifying suggestion that the olive is the sole victim of this pest."

"That this newcomer is not migratory per se, seems probable, judging by the indications thus far. Cook of Pomona College, from whom there is no one within the radius infected more competent to the task, has been supplied with data, and has been asked to define this new terror. The professor's report is awaited with interest."

"By reason of the subtle and rather unique mode of its uprising, its certainty in getting there unless vigilantly headed off, and the fact that growers in parts other than those now besieged to diligently watch and (spray)."

Why Olive Orchards Do not Bear.
Elmo R. Meserve has the following somewhat gloomy article in regard to the olive-growing industry in a local publication:

"Is it not possible that we are progressing a little too fast in our horticultural progress? Take as an instance, the rapid advance that has been made in olive planting in this State during the past six years, with this immense acreage of olive orchards giving profitable annual crops? Are there not already misgivings on a few points which in their solution merit a more than passing notice? Chief among these it is pertinent to ask, why do the older olive orchards bear so shyly, and in some cases not at all? Is it for want of cross-fertilization of the bloom, or the prevalence of scale, improper or untimely pruning, or a want of proper manuring and cultivation? Is it literally true that the olive will flourish and bear good crops annually without irrigation? Has the climate in certain seasons any influence on the olive when it blooms freely but 'sets' no fruit? Growers know it requires no effort of the memory to recall errors of a similar nature with other fruits, and viewing all the evidence, it must be admitted that something is wrong with our olive planting in order to account for the non-bearing qualities of some of the older orchards. The age, soil, situation, and climate, planting and care to which these older orchards have been subjected are suggestive, and in a measure furnish some data upon which to base an opinion formed on experience and observation."

"Location, variety, in distance between the trees are the three points to consider, and in this article we will confine our remarks largely to the latter. As an object lesson take the original plantings made by the Mission Fathers, and later those made by the old Spanish families. Invariably we will find the trees planted in a single row—never grouped—usually along some stream of water and never less than forty feet apart. Was there a reason for this? Let us continue later observations."

"When I came to Southern California in 1876 my father purchased an old Spanish rancho at North Pomona, on which were situated seven old olive

trees in heavy bearing, four of which were planted in 1829 or thereabouts. These trees bore immense crops each year until about 1886, when the black scale made its appearance in the orchard and the trees becoming infected, ceased to yield regular and profitable crops. "In 1882 we purchased in Los Angeles a large olive tree for our neighbor and in addition for a policy. We planted them in orchard form, twenty feet apart. In due time we harvested several very fair crops from this orchard, but the trees soon crowded each other, and bore only at the tops and on the outside of all the four sides of the orchard. The experience of our neighbor was the same. For the last three years these trees have been bearing less and less, but this year even other trees have been cut out and the remaining trees well cut back. "This is not the only case of a like character that has come under my observation, and hence an idea led to believe that it is not good policy to plant the olive trees in orchard form, less than forty feet apart, or better still, plant it on the outside edge of the orchard, as desired, a row or two of olive trees can be planted through an orchard."

In regard to the questions asked by Mr. Meserve in this article, it is said by those who are acquainted with the orchard to which it refers that it is an excellent example of almost all the short-comings which he mentions, that is to say, it has no cross fertilization, it is covered with black scale, it has not been properly manured or cultivated, and, in short, it has been thoroughly neglected, so that it is not surprising that the result, as far as the crop is concerned, should be very unsatisfactory. Mr. Meserve should, however, know enough about olive culture not to argue regarding olive culture in general from one, or even more examples of orchards which have been improperly planted, and neglected."

Another reason why this and many other olive orchards fail to do as well as they might do, beginning by giving a good yield of fruit for a year or two, and then falling off to little or nothing, is because they are not pruned. J. S. Callahan of Pomona, who is probably the best authority on the olive in California, is a strong advocate of pruning the tree, not only because it leads to better bearing, but because the fruit may be more easily gathered from a tree that is of moderate size. He is in favor of planting about twenty feet apart, and then pruning, rather than making a wider apart and letting the tree grow to great size. Mr. Callahan further believes that, in nine cases out of ten, where olive trees do not bear in a satisfactory manner, is because they are covered with the sticky black scale, which closes up the pores, and makes the tree as unhealthy as a human being would be under similar circumstances. Whenever olives are planted in the neighborhood of the coast, or even at some little distance from the ocean, the black scale must be expected, and those who plant an olive orchard in California, fighting of the scale—which is a comparatively operation—as a part of the business. When this is done, olive growing will be found as satisfactory and profitable as any other branch of horticulture."

"As we have said above, it displays much lack of experience for a person to argue in regard to olive culture in general, basing the argument on the condition of an orchard which presents almost all the shortcomings that can be imagined in connection with olive culture."

Alkali Lands.
The Times recently referred to the importance of reclaiming the large area of alkali lands that are found within the boundaries of the State. A member of the editorial staff of The Times addressed a letter on the subject to the State Board of Agriculture to which the following reply has been received, from Edwin F. Smith, secretary of the board:

"I am in receipt of your communication under date of May 6, seeking information regarding alkali land in California. In reply I would say that Prof. Hilgard, of the Experiment Station at Berkeley, made quite a study of the alkali soils of California, and caused to be issued a bulletin upon the subject of their reclamation. "In this bulletin he recommended the use of gypsum as an antidote, and as the writer had an interest in a mountain of gypsum in the State of Nevada, took the subject up and proceeded to prepare, for the grinding and sale of gypsum, or land plaster, and shipped several car-loads to this State for use in the San Joaquin Valley. After progressing thus far, we suddenly realized that we were too early with our antidote, inasmuch as there were thousands upon thousands of acres of good land in this State that could be bought at a very reasonable price, fully as cheap as it is now, and to reclaim it by the use of gypsum, and lack of demand for the article confirmed this idea."

"I understand that quite an experiment has been made at the U. S. Station, located at Bakersfield, in the planting of the Australian eucalyptus, and I think that if you will address a communication to them they can give you just the information required. "With you I agree that there is an immense field for the extension in the production of sugar beets, asparagus, celery, tobacco and many other products that would warrant attention at this particular time, but there are oceans of good land susceptible to utilization between these and Santa Ana, every county in the State, were the proper energy and inclination on the part of the people forthcoming. To the sure capital is necessary, as it requires from five to eight years to place an apparatus bed upon a profitable footing, and then, again, it is quite an expensive crop to raise, inasmuch as it requires thorough mulching with stable manure each season."

"Your idea in assisting the reclamation of alkali lands is good, but if we could locate people upon all the good land in the State first, it would force the reclamation of much of our waste land. "I will refer your communication to Prof. Hilgard, with the request that he send you all bulletins that he may have upon the subject, as the Department of Agriculture issues bulletins monthly treating upon everything of this kind."

Artesian Wells for Irrigation.
The Times recently referred to a successful attempt that has been made to irrigate from artesian wells in the eastern part of Riverside county. Now ad-

vice from Perris state that artesian water has been struck in a number of wells around there, where farmers are using the water for irrigating purposes. It is probable that in many sections successful work of this kind might be undertaken, making farmers independent of water companies. Every day shows more clearly that we have not yet begun to realize how great is the underground flow of water in Southern California.

Grape Fruit.

The Washington authorities of the Department of Agriculture speak very highly of the variety of grape fruit known as the California seedless, saying that it is the best that they have so far seen. The high prices obtained for grape fruit have led to quite a boom in planting throughout Southern California. In this connection it is well to remind those who are setting out with this variety, that it is very susceptible to frost, and should only be planted when there is no danger from that source. Experienced growers say that grape fruit and tangerine oranges are the greatest sufferers from frost of all the citrus family.

Dropping of Fruit.

There has been much complaint of late in Southern California regarding the dropping of fruit before it is developed. At the recent session of the Southern California Pomological Society in Anaheim, the question of dropping of citrus fruit was discussed, and it was inquired whether irrigation tends to check such dropping. There was a difference of opinion on the subject, the general idea being that a warm season followed by a cold wave caused the dropping.

"Gum Disease on Young Citrus Trees."

SAN GABRIEL, May 10.—[To the Editor of The Times: At this time, when planting of citrus trees is in progress, it may serve some purpose to refer to this trouble.

It appears that there are various forms of gum disease. I refer to its development in the early life of the orange and lemon; and one of the annoying facts regarding its appearance, is that frequently the finest trees full of health are attacked.

In searching for the earliest development of the disease, one is met with a great deal of trouble. It is the junction of the stock and the bud. If, stopped in time, by means hereafter mentioned, it may be cured; but the disease, once it has become established, exudation has freely commenced, then cure may be unavailing.

In making search I have dug away the surface soil around the stem with a trowel, scraped the bark free from soil, and discovered little more than a black scratch, about one to two inches long, which, when cut open, reveals the gummy fluid more or less encircling the wood under the bark.

Dr. Woodbridge, in his pamphlet upon "Gum Disease," states that it appears to have its origin in a microscopical insect.

Prof. Wickson writes me as follows: "Perhaps you refer to an outflow of gum at the bud; this should not call a disease; it occurs with many budded trees in nursery, and seems to be the result of removing the top before the buds are ready to open. If it is not so great as to drown the bud, it disappears when the buds begin to active growth."

The subject came up at the recent Azusa meeting, but the cause of the disease seems still to perplex those most interested in tracing it. I have noticed that it is most common on those trees whose junction at the bud was closest to the surface of the ground, and that in cases where the junction with the bud was elevated above ground, there was no trouble.

Prevention to some extent may therefore lie in high-budded trees. It therefore appears that the bud junction is the weak spot, and that the results of irrigation (which in our dry climate, shall I say, is a disease in itself) develops gum disease.

It may be asked, why do nurserymen not invariably bud all citrus stock in this manner? The answer is, that various nurserymen I find that they have this trouble in the nursery, and that it is most frequently in low-budded trees. But the public will understand that if a nurseryman can sell stock, the roots of which are only 2 years old, instead of stock with three-year-old roots, he is doing a good thing, and thus save himself a year's interest, labor and expense.

It appears that in order to bud a tree five or six inches off the ground, the stock must be thick and strong. When buds are inserted in two-year-old stock it must be placed very low down, otherwise the first wind would snap it at the junction, and it is among such trees that gum disease readily breaks out.

If any one setting out even highly-budded trees ignorantly plants the bud junction in the soil, he induces such a production of gum disease that the stand will clear of the soil to escape danger.

In dealing with the trouble the carbolic acid and tar treatment prescribed by Dr. Woodbridge and others whose opinions are valued, has proved efficacious, and one preventive measure in the case of trees planted with the bud too close to the ground, is to hoe the soil away from the bark after irrigation and during wet weather in winter let the bud stand clear.

It is a most vexatious matter to suffer from causes which are in a measure preventable. Many, new to orchard work, are ignorant of such facts, and with a view to helping such men and in the interest generally of citrus growers, it may be that through further exposure of experienced opinions, more light may be thrown upon the subject. MORTON HAIG.

LIVE STOCK
A Pomona letter says that the amount of wool being clipped from sheep on the hills between there and Santa Ana is something surprising. It is believed that fully 50,000 sheep have been sheared within twenty miles of Pomona this year.

The American Hide Trade.
[Pacific Rural Press:] A duty of 2 cents per pound on hides, as proposed by the Dingley Bill, would, on the basis of present importations, yield a revenue of \$2,000,000 per year. The figures of import for five years have been:

1892 \$26,850,218
1893 28,347,898
1894 26,786,152
1895 26,122,942
1896 30,520,177

As hides have been admitted free under the McKinley and Wilson schedules, the drop of 1894 must be ascribed solely to the hard times. The imports of 1896 exceed those of any previous year. We export something less than \$4,000,000 worth of hides annually, net to France, Germany and Canada. Our imports of hides are principally from South America, though

nearly all European countries send us moderate supplies. It appears that American cattle furnish thin hides, their skin being thin, but covered with much hair, to protect them from the weather. The South American cattle, on the other hand, have little hair, but thick skins, to protect them from insects. It is very likely that a good share of the hides we get from England—30,000,000 pounds last year—were South American hides the English had in trade with those countries.



Samuel Cushman, who is an authority on poultry, gives the following advice upon selecting stock, either for crossing or for pure breeding: "Remember that the choice of individuals is as important as the selection of the breed. Don't be satisfied with the cheapest, meanest specimens, for a pure-bred fowl or animal has as strong a tendency to perpetuate its inferior qualities as its superior qualities. Secure the most vigorous and thrifty specimens that can be found. If possible, secure the best in this respect out of a flock of several hundred, and do it every time you select your breeders."

Poultry Points.

[The Poultry-Keeper:] There is but one sure method of cleaning earth floors, and that is to remove the top soil to a depth of four inches and add clean earth in its place. This is usually done every summer, fall and spring, and the floor kept well covered with litter, leaves being best for that purpose. During the summer air-slaked lime is applied once a week, thus may destroy the germs of any disease that may probably have existed, and thereby lessening the liability of loss.

Cut hay, straw, grass, etc., are unnecessary in summer. The best material for nest boxes in summer is earth. Take a soap box, cover the bottom with four inches of dry earth, sprinkle some fresh insect powder over the earth, and the nest will be complete. The nest should be made new with fresh earth at least once a week, as it may happen that an egg will be broken in it, the earth then being an excellent absorbent. Keep the nest box in a cool place, where the laying hen will be comfortable when she is on the nest.

If you keep eggs for hatching, first, wrap each egg in tissue paper and place them in a box, using dry oats to fill between the spaces. Put the box in a cool place, and turn it upside down (which, of course, turns the egg) three times a week. Put the eggs in the box down (either end), and handle the box gently. They should keep a month and hatch.

During the summer, and especially on very warm nights, the hens sometimes suffer severely if crowded, and secure no rest, to say nothing of the better advantages in favor of lice. Each hen should have one foot of room on the roost and ten square feet of space in the poultry house, or ten hens in a house ten feet square. In winter, as in summer, the hens require more breathing space, and if crowded too much will not lay as many eggs as they are capable of. When you see a chick or fowl drop, have fits, or stagger, look closely on the skin of the head and neck for the large gray louse, apply one or two drops of melted lard, and it will soon revive, unless in case of a hen that has been verminous from being so fat. Young turkeys are killed mostly by the large gray louse on the heads.

Oats make the best food for summer if grain is scarce. Some object to oats, claiming that they cause crop bound, but this is not true. Injury may have been the result when fowls could not feed on the ground after spading. Lime prevents roup, gapes and cholera. Sulphur fumes are destructive to lice and to all other forms of life. If sulphur is burned in a poultry house, it will kill all the lice, and the house made as nearly tight as possible. First, close the cracks, holes or openings, and then burn sulphur. The first, close the cracks, holes or openings, and then burn sulphur. The first, close the cracks, holes or openings, and then burn sulphur. The first, close the cracks, holes or openings, and then burn sulphur.

"Spade up the yards" should be a sign on every poultry fence. In no other manner can diseases be so well prevented than by occasionally spading or plowing the yard, and at no season is such work more important than in summer. Before so doing, scatter lime freely on the surface, and then scatter it again over the ground after spading. Lime prevents roup, gapes and cholera.

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An egg will remain fresh but a short time during very warm days, and especially if left in the nest, to be occasionally warmed by the hens when they go on the nest to lay. When they do not, the egg will become stale, there is sometimes an accumulation of gas, the consequence being that the egg will burst in the nest, discharging its contents over the hens. As the lice delight in filth, this condition of things will be very favorable to them and they will multiply rapidly, causing a nuisance. Never use eggs as nest eggs at any season of the year.

THE DAIRY
A creamery cannot be operated with profit to the shareholders unless it handles about five tons of milk daily, which will require about four hundred cows. There is more expense in running a creamery than appears at first glance, and it costs considerable to erect buildings and put in machinery, but they will pay all right if you can milk enough.

GENERAL AGRICULTURE
An interesting bulletin of over forty pages has been issued by the agricultural experiment station of the University of California on sugar beets. It is written by William Stowe Devol, the director of the experiment station, who was formerly connected with The Times. The subject is treated exhaustively. The questions of sugar consumption, the natural history of the beet, the early development of the industry abroad and in the United States, the value of a beet-sugar factory, supply and over-production, methods of agriculture and other features are thoroughly discussed. Those who are interested in sugar-beet culture would do well to send for a copy of this publication.

YOUR BABY
If you tell your baby that it is a baby, it will grow up to be a baby. If you tell your baby that it is a man, it will grow up to be a man. If you tell your baby that it is a woman, it will grow up to be a woman. If you tell your baby that it is a child, it will grow up to be a child. If you tell your baby that it is a person, it will grow up to be a person. If you tell your baby that it is a human being, it will grow up to be a human being. If you tell your baby that it is a creature, it will grow up to be a creature. If you tell your baby that it is a being, it will grow up to be a being. If you tell your baby that it is a thing, it will grow up to be a thing. If you tell your baby that it is an object, it will grow up to be an object. If you tell your baby that it is a subject, it will grow up to be a subject. If you tell your baby that it is a person, it will grow up to be a person. If you tell your baby that it is a human being, it will grow up to be a human being. 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If you tell your baby that it is a human

REAL ESTATE RECORD.

HOUSE AND LOT.

MARKET SHOWS SIGNS OF IMPROVEMENT.

Four Good Pieces of Business Property Disposed of at Satisfactory Prices.

SAN PEDRO-STREET FRANCHISE.

CONTINUED ACTIVITY IN BUILDING OPERATIONS.

Mateo Street—Views Regarding Boulevard—Mortgages and Trust Deeds—Tail St. Louis Buildings.

The real estate market has shown encouraging signs of increasing activity during the past week, and several good sales have been made. Evidently all that is now necessary to start things going on a good scale is a little impetus, such as would be supplied, for instance, by the letting of contracts for the deep-water harbor at San Pedro. There are a good many weak holders in the market, who have been buying more property than they can afford, and the improvement referred to would give these people a chance to sell something, and thus place themselves on a safe basis, thus strengthening the market all around.

A BROADWAY SALE.

One of the most important sales of recent date was that of the Widney Block, at the northwest corner of Broadway and Sixth street, a solid one-story store building. The lot is 74 feet by 115. It was owned by Dr. J. P. Widney and purchased by O. H. Churchill and George D. Rowan. The purchasers will probably add three stories to the building.

THE OPPOSITE CORNER, ALSO.

The northeast corner of Sixth and Broadway—the First Baptist Church property—for which \$40,000 was refused some time ago, has also been sold by the same agent for \$45,000, to Chester Williams, an easterner, whom the agent had never seen until a couple of hours before he made a deposit. This agent is now looking for more of the same kind. The lot is 74 by 115, and the price consequently little less than \$600 a foot. The church is to be removed in six months, when Mr. Williams will erect a fine block on the site.

ON SPRING STREET.

The same firm has sold for \$13,000 24 feet on Spring street just south of Fifth, for Margat A. Cope to Nelson Story, the Montana capitalist who has invested about \$250,000 in Los Angeles during the past couple of years, and is now building a fine block on Spring street. The one-story building is a shanty. The price is thus about \$50 per foot less than that of the Broadway property.

ANOTHER BUSINESS CORNER.

Another good corner that was sold a few days ago was that of the corner of the California Hotel, a frame building at the northeast corner of Second and Hill streets. The sale was made by F. S. Gilmore, as executor of the estate of Lucy Gilmore, to C. C. Watkins of Pittsburgh, the price paid being \$55,000 for the lot and building, and \$5000 for the furniture. Of the purchase price \$20,000 was paid in cash, and the balance in trade. This should certainly be a very satisfactory price to the seller. At the same time, the corner of Second and Hill is right in the line of progress, and it is evident that before many years Hill street will come to the front as a business thoroughfare, while Second street is already built up solid with business blocks between Broadway and Hill.

MATEO STREET.

As mentioned in The Times last week, the rumor in regard to the erection of southern Pacific shops on the Shearer tract, belonging to the Southern Pacific company, on Alameda street near seventh, was unfounded. It is now stated that the shops will be erected on the fifty-one-acre tract known as the company, east of the river, and adjoining the main line of the company. The section along Mateo street is building up fast as may be seen from the fact that the school census shows an increase in number of school children in the seventh ward to be greater than in any other ward of the city. A local real estate agency is offering a private sale 100 lots in the Eighth street tract, formerly known as the Leahy tract, fronting on Eighth, Enterprise and Ninth streets.

SAN PEDRO STREET.

The highest bid for the San Pedro street franchise, amounting to \$5300, is understood to have been made for the Los Angeles Railway Company. It remains to be seen whether the company will build this line in the near future. It is a valuable franchise, covering a large amount of new territory, which is destined very soon to be thickly settled, besides which it is in the direct line to San Pedro.

THE SELLING OF FRANCHISES.

The new Meade franchise law, which provides for the acquisition of franchises for a percentage of the gross receipts, went into effect on Wednesday, and the sale of the San Pedro street franchise was rushed through, so as to have it disposed of before the new law went into effect. It is less than four electric road franchises have been sold by the Council since the first of the year, and several extensions of time on old franchises have been granted. As already stated by The Times, the new law, while apparently favorable to the city on its face, is not really so, because, under the present loose system of granting franchises, it permits a company to tie up a street for eight months, by making an offer of a percentage which no company meaning business could afford to give. The entire system of granting street car franchises as it now exists, needs a thorough overhauling.

BOULEVARDS.

Mr. Raymond is quoted as saying that the boulevard between Los Angeles and Pasadena should be as direct as possible between the two cities. He is reported by the Pasadena Star as saying:

"In my way of looking at the matter what is wanted in a boulevard is scenery; a zigzag course should be followed merely that the eye may feast on beautiful vistas. The desideratum is the shortest, most direct route, tapping the heart of the two cities, especially if this route can be built with the least expense, but it could be maintained at a smaller cost than a longer one goes through. It is not the cost of construction would be less, the matter of grades, bridges, etc., being nearly equal. Many will differ from Mr. Raymond in regard to this matter. A boulevard not primarily designed for rapid transit. This is fully provided for by lines of railroad which connect Pasadena and Los Angeles. A scenic

boulevard, which would be used mainly by "citizens in carriages" should, as far as possible, follow a scenic route, commanding good views of the surrounding country.

BRITISH INVESTORS.

A gentleman who was recently in England for the purpose of negotiating a real estate deal, expresses surprise at the manner in which the investing public of Great Britain permit themselves to be duped by a crowd of hangers-on, who demand big money for the support of any scheme that is brought forward, and are not at all particular as to the nature of such a scheme, provided they receive adequate remuneration for their indorsement. Many of these middlemen have a title of some kind, which is used on prospectuses, to impress the British investor. Then, when an American enterprise turns out to be a failure, the British investors are apt to set up a howl about Yankee trickery, whereas they really only have themselves to blame.

MORTGAGES AND TRUST DEEDS.

The Executive Committee of the California League of Mutual Building and Loan Associations, and attorneys for the organizations within the league recently met in San Francisco to discuss the question of accepting trust deeds in place of mortgages. At the last session of the Legislature the time for the redemption of mortgages was extended from six months to one year. It was to discuss the effect of this change on the finances of the various associations that the meeting was called. While no definite action was taken, the general trend of the discussion favored an adherence to the present mortgage system. As a case involving the question in interest is now pending before the Supreme Court, it was decided to take no action. The committee is now investigating regarding the advisability of recommending the use of trust deeds. Should the decision of the Supreme Court be such as to render this course necessary, the same committee is to prepare a form of trust deed for use among the various associations in the league.

TALL BUILDINGS IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis doesn't want any more skyscrapers, it seems. One twenty-two story building and another of sixteen stories have been planned and approved by the city authorities, but the Municipal Assembly has voted against any more of the kind. The limit is 150 feet. Buildings of this height, however, must be on wide streets, as one of the provisions of the measure is that no building shall be higher than two and a half times the width of the street.

FRAUDULENT CONVEYANCE.

According to the decision of the Supreme Court of Indiana, in the recent case of Galentine et al. vs. Krubaker, a proceeding to subject lands fraudulently conveyed by a person in his lifetime to the payment of his debts must be brought within five years after his death, and a complaint for this purpose shows that the decedent has been dead more than five years is sufficient on demurrer.

LANDLORDS AS TENANTS.

The Real Estate Circular has the following sarcastic remarks in regard to the valuation placed by the average landlord on premises he leases: "It is a remarkable fact that no landlord ever exacts as much rent from a tenant as the property is worth—at least we do not infer so from the fact that, when a piece of property is offered for sale, the seller almost invariably makes out that it can be made to yield a much larger income than he derives from it. All the house needs is just to be whitewashed and painted, and the rent will cover the cost, and then it would rent for \$75 a month as easy as \$65. It is the same with store property. The landlord more generally excuses the low rent of it on the ground of his foolish leniency. 'Well, the fact is,' he says, 'I am only getting \$125, I could just as easily get \$150 for the store; but the tenant is a good fellow, works hard and gives no bother, and so I let him have it for \$125. Any one who had a mind to be close could just as easily get \$150 as not.' Assays continue to show that green is a color which still holds in large quantities in the human eye."

DESERTED KANSAS TOWNS.

A correspondent of the United States Investor writes from Kansas to that paper as follows: "We rode through four towns, Wooddale, Moscow, Springfield and Fargo, in one day," says my friend, "and just saw eighteen people, the total population of them all. In sixty miles through the country we saw just one man at work, and passed just seven occupied houses. The country is a vast expanse of cattle. The streets are gradually grading up; two out of three have white faces now. Hugoton has three families out of the 400 that used to live there. Nine children go to the \$20,000 school house, and there is standing, like a monument of folly, a waterworks system that cost some eastern capitalist \$35,000. The town never paid a cent of principal or interest on all this and never will. It is not to be wondered at if the East is somewhat tired of hearing of Kansas investments after such experiences." The showing is not to be surprised in the nation for foolishness and waste of money and the problem of getting out of the predicament in which the investors have placed themselves is a serious one. A wholesale reorganization with a general foreclosure of scaling down of the debt is about the only plan that seems feasible. Perhaps the case of Mrs. Amanda Way of Boston, who the other day completed the legal process by which she became the owner of the court-house in Ellipton, may give us a way out of the trouble. She has not decided what she will do with it."

BUILDING.

Building operations continue to go forward with much activity in Los Angeles. It is estimated that there are at present about two hundred buildings in course of erection within the city limits. It is true that there are a good many empty houses, but most of these are old buildings that have been given up for residences which contain modern improvements. Owners of old-fashioned buildings must be content with comparatively low rents, just now, if they expect to have them occupied.

The Builder and Contractor notes the following interesting new work: Plans are being prepared for a ten-room residence for C. A. Holway, to be erected at once in the Wilshire Boulevard tract, corner Sixth and Rampart; cost \$2500.

Alfred Solano is about to erect a residence on the southeast corner of Twentieth and Figueroa streets, to cost about \$12,000.

Plans are being drawn for a two-story residence for Dr. W. F. Brown on Hope street, near Twenty-third. Plans have been prepared for a three-story block for Thomas Bassett, to be erected on Spring street between Fourth and Fifth streets.

BUILDING PERMITS.

The following permits of \$2000 and over were issued by the City Superintendent of Buildings: L. A. Stoneware Company, two-story frame factory, for pottery and sewer pipe, Well street, East Los Angeles; \$3000.

B. Zeigler, three dwellings, on northeast corner of Pike and Vernon; \$3000. Ida M. Powers, one and a half-story residence, Florence street, near Fourteenth; \$2000. G. Monteleone, two-story brick build-

1750 Pairs of the Finest Oxfords

At About One-half Makers Cost.

We will open for sale today a lot of the very finest Ladies' Oxfords, which were intended for the Tyler Shoe Co. The goods were detained and damaged by the recent Eastern floods. We have just made a very favorable settlement with the Santa Fe R. R. Co., and place the goods on sale at once. Many pairs are only slightly damaged by water, others again are badly soaked, while the bulk of the goods are as fresh and bright as the day they left the factory. The first choice is best choice. Come this week in order to get the best.

F. F. WRIGHT, Manager in Charge

THE TYLER SHOE CO.'S STOCK.

137 South Spring Street.

Prices.

Ladies' Oxblood Oxfords, new	95c
Coin toe, ordinary \$2, at	95c
Ladies' Southern Ties, tan opera toe, ordinary \$2.25 quality, at	95c
Ladies' Chocolate Oxfords, Coin toe, ordinary \$2 quality, at	95c
Ladies' black Dongola Kid Oxfords, ordinary \$2 quality, at	95c
Ladies' black Vici Kid Oxfords, hand turned Coin toe, ordinary \$3 quality, at	\$1.45
Ladies' Tan Southern Ties, cloth top, new Yale toe, ordinary \$2.50 quality, at	\$1.35
Ladies' Vici Kid Oxfords, ordinary \$3 quality, at	\$1.85
Ladies' Chocolate vici Kid Southern Ties, ordinary \$4 quality, at	\$1.95
Ladies' French Kid Oxfords LXV heel, ordinary price \$5, now	\$2.15

The Hub

Ten Dollar Gold Pieces cannot be bought for five unless they're counterfeits. It's so with clothes. We give the best value for the money in Los Angeles, no matter what claims others make.

The Hub

THE PRICES TALK.

Special Features for Saturday's Selling.

Bring this list along for reference. We want you to feel that our performances keep pace with our promises. We want you to see for yourselves and to know of your own knowledge—that the special values enumerated here can be had tomorrow at the prices quoted. If you have been disappointed elsewhere do not saddle us with the sin of others. We tell you now—and we ask you to convince yourselves of the fact—that what we advertise to do we do, that our announcements are backed by facts and that our bargains are the best, our styles the newest, our stock the largest and that we are the only wholesale manufacturers of Men's and Boys' Clothing who sell at retail in Southern California, and therefore can save you the retailer's profit.

For Saturday Only

We place on sale the balance of Men's Suits, being the broken lines of the regular

\$8 and \$10

qualities; Tweeds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Homespuns; all sizes from 34 to 42 represented in the offering, and you can take the pick for

\$6.85.

For Saturday Only

We give you all the profits on a recent purchase of a manufacturer's line of

Children's Straw Hats

all colors, all styles; the regular price of these Hats was \$1, 75c and 50c; take your pick tomorrow for

35c.

For Saturday Only

We give you the last chance to select from those

\$12 and \$15

Suits; strictly all wool, in the stylish dressy shades of brown, gray, blue and black, in check and overplaid patterns and plain effects, a most magnificent assortment of the very newest goods; hundreds of different patterns to select from; you can take the pick for

\$9.85.

For Saturday Only

We offer you the choice of different patterns of

Boys' Suits

Knee Pants, ages 4 to 15, Tweeds, Cassimeres and Cheviots, the regular \$5, \$6 and \$7.50 qualities, sewed with silk, perfect fit and make, and you can take your choice for

\$3.85.

For Saturday Only

Your only opportunity to select

\$17.50 and \$20

Men's Spring Suits; every Suit in this offering is a model of fashion, high-art tailoring and superb trimming; the cloths are genuine English blue and black Serges and Clay Diagonals, Worsted, fancy English Plaids, Vicuna Mixtures, fancy Worsted and Cassimeres, fresh from our own work rooms; you can take your pick for

\$14.85.

For Saturday Only

Men's Furnishings.

75 dozen Men's Seamless Half Hose, fast black, for Saturday only... 10c
40 dozen Men's \$1.25 Fancy Madras Bosom Dress Shirts, assorted patterns, for Saturday only... 85c
60 dozen 50c light colored all silk Teck and Four-in-Hand Neckwear, for Saturday only... 25c
60 dozen Men's spring weight Balbriggan Underwear, close woven, French seams, special for Saturday only... 25c

Mail

Orders

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fully

Filled.

THE HUB
154, 156, 158, 160 NORTH SPRING STREET
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Store

Open Un-

til 10 p.m.

Saturday

Evening.

\$20
Nicoll the Tailor,
134 S. Spring St.,
Los Angeles

See Our
LADIES' DRESS
SLIPPERS AND SANDALS.
H. P. Snyder Shoe Co.

It Pays to Deal At
Diamond Bros.
The new Dry Goods Store, N. E.
Cor. Main and Second Sts.

DRS. SHORES & SHORES,
SPECIALISTS.
Catarrh \$5.00 Per Month.
Medicines free. All Chronic Nervous and Private Diseases Cured. Offices—Corner First and Broadway.

SPECIAL SALE OF
Ladies' Sailors.
IMMENSE REDUCTIONS AT

DESMOND'S,
141 S. SPRING ST.

AUCTION
To Close
Chattel Mortgage.

All the Furniture, Carpets, etc., of 9-room house, No. 409 SOUTH HILL ST., FRIDAY, MAY 14, at 10 o'clock a.m. In part viz: Odd pieces Parlor Furniture, Wicker Chairs and Rockers, Chamber and Dining-room Furniture, several fine Moquette and Brussels Carpets, all the Bedding, Towels, Tableware, Cook Stove, etc. In fact, everything found in first-class residence. Everything goes. You are invited.
DE GARMO, Auctioneer.



PASADENA.

RAILWAY CONDUCTORS RECEIVE A HOSPITABLE WELCOME.

Twelve Hundred Visitors Are Driven About the City—New Directors and New Officers for the Electric Road—Death of an Old Resident.

PASADENA, May 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Pasadena gave a hospitable welcome this morning to the railway conductors and their wives, daughters and sweethearts. The number of visitors proved far greater than was expected, and was roughly estimated at least 1200, but all were made welcome and all had opportunity to see the beauties of the city. Though the beautiful scenery was severely taxed, so that even hay wagons and express wagons had to be pressed into service, the visitors made light of all inconveniences and were loud in their expressions of appreciation of the reception accorded them.

It was originally expected that the visitors would number more than three or four hundred. Subsequently this estimate was doubled. When the Southern Pacific special of fourteen cars rolled in at 9 o'clock this morning with 500 or 1000 people aboard, it followed an hour later by a Terminal train with 300 more. It was at once apparent that the liberal provision that had been made for the occasion about the city would be entirely too small. The arrangements were in charge of the Reception Committee of the Board of Trade, aided by an auxiliary committee, and the members of both committees energetically responded to the emergency. Vehicles of every description were hastily secured and each was filled to its utmost capacity. Quantities of flowers had been sent to the depot and they were distributed among the strangers. The drive about the city was then commenced. For the most part the route prearranged by the Reception Committee was followed, but many independent excursions were made. All along their way the city's guests were greeted with waving handkerchiefs and beautiful bouquets, which they responded with enthusiasm. Many stops were made that they might have the novel experience of gathering lemons and lemons from the trees. When the excursionists returned to the special trains which were to take them back to Los Angeles, they found the coaches beautifully decorated with callas, the work of the ladies who had assisted in making the reception a success.

To judge from the appreciative expressions of the visitors before they left, Pasadena made 1200 warm friends today.

The officers and the Reception Committee of the Board of Trade express much gratification at the generous manner in which the citizens responded to the request to lend carriages for the occasion. The owners of public carriages reduced their charges to a nominal figure, and the contributions of flowers from the ladies of the city were also highly appreciated.

DEATH OF MRS. SWAN.

Mrs. Nancy S. Swan, wife of William O. Swan, Jr., died at 8 o'clock this morning at her residence on Grant street, after a lingering illness. Mrs. Swan's birth-place was in Massachusetts, but for more than twenty years she has resided in Pasadena. Beside an invalid husband, she leaves four children, Mrs. Frank D. Buttrick of Boston, William O. Swan, Jr., of Sacramento, and Annie S. Martin and Charles W. Swan of Pasadena.

REORGANIZATION OF THE ELECTRIC ROAD.

Another long step was made today toward the reorganization of the Pasadena and Los Angeles Electric Railway Company. At a meeting held this morning in Los Angeles, a new board of directors and new officers were elected. The board of directors as now constituted is as follows: P. M. Green, F. C. Bolt, C. W. Smith, H. H. Markham, George F. Kernahan, M. H. Sherman and George H. Barker. All of these directors are members of the Reorganization Committee.

Mr. Green is president of the company; C. W. Smith vice-president; E. C. Webster, second vice-president; F. C. Bolt, treasurer and H. I. Chaffard auditor.

The officers of the company will be transferred from Los Angeles to Pasadena, and the business of the company will, in future, be transacted here. It will be distinctively a Pasadena enterprise.

PASADENA BREVIETTES.

Rev. J. A. Eakin and his sister, missionaries from Slam, are the guests of Miss Peabody on South Euclid avenue, and will both speak at the meeting of the Women's Missionary Union to be held at the Congregational Church tomorrow (Friday) afternoon. A special invitation to be present has been extended to the clergymen of the city.

The question of calling a special election to determine whether Pasadena shall adopt a charter of the fourth class, is again being agitated. A public meeting will probably be called soon to consider the matter.

Mrs. F. A. Apple and her four children, after spending the last eight months in Pasadena, left for Chicago yesterday morning by the overland. They expect to return next winter.

Mrs. Mary E. Maxon, who has spent the past three months in Pasadena, left this morning for her home in Harvard, Ill.

A. B. Post and George H. Post expect to leave next week on a wheeling trip to the Yosemite.

Mr. Newell of the Selby Smelting Company of San Francisco was in Pasadena today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hutchins left this morning for Montgomery, Va.

W. B. Staats left this morning for Wilson's Peak.

Caramels, half price, at McCament's Saturday.

Columbia bicycle, \$45 at No. 87 East Colorado.

SAN PEDRO.

City Trustees Proceedings—A Public Park Talked Of.

SAN PEDRO, May 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] The City Board of Trustees met in adjourned session last Tuesday evening and transacted the following business: Bids were opened for building a windmill and tank to be used for pumping and storing water from the bay for the purpose of street sprinkling; the contract was to Fairbanks & Co. of Los Angeles, and the amount of their bid being \$300. A petition from E. Mahar to grade, curb and sidewalk Sixth street was granted and an ordinance to authorize the work was read for the first time.

The electric light company is busy erecting additional poles in the southern part of the city. One hundred and fifty street lamps are to be put in. Rumor has it that parties are about to give the city a forty-acre tract of land west of the city to be used as a public park, providing proper walks, shade trees and building suitable for such purpose be put thereon. The site is heavy and fertile, and it is a grand view of the ocean and surrounding country as far back as the San Bernardino range, and with proper planning this could be made one of the finest parks in Southern California.

The directors of the Pavilion Building Association met at the City Hall last evening and C. Jorgensen, president, presented a sketch of a proposed pavilion, which was accepted; they will draw up plans and specifications and tonight the directors will act on them, advertising for bids for the work. This pavilion, when built, will be a great attraction, and will be completed at an early date in June, and with the main building and fishing to be had here, will make San Pedro one of the leading summer resorts of Southern California.

Mrs. E. D. Parsons and Mrs. D. R. Clay returned home yesterday from San Diego, where they have been visiting friends for the past week. The Wilmington Transportation Company's steamer Hermosa is having a thorough overhauling, to be got in readiness for the excursion, to be given the Order of Railroad Conductors on Sunday. The company also has the steamers Falcon and Warrior in readiness for the excursion, but few have been able to get away from the city, as the weather is so rough. The fish industry here is at present in a flourishing condition, the fishing fleet is large and the catches good, finding a ready market for the fish in the shipping shortly, for twenty large lumber vessels are chartered to arrive here by June 1st, and the fleet of fishing boats will aggregate over ten million feet.

Steamer Laguna, Capt. Peterson, sailed for San Francisco, and Steamer Coos Bay, Capt. Hall, arrived from San Francisco and way ports with passengers and merchandise.

When the excursionists returned to the special trains which were to take them back to Los Angeles, they found the coaches beautifully decorated with callas, the work of the ladies who had assisted in making the reception a success.

POMONA.

Universalist Convention—Mr. Patterson Explains His View.

POMONA, May 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Rev. E. E. Hammond addressed the delegates to the Universalist State Convention Tuesday evening on the subject, "True Liberal Christianity," taking as his text "The liberal things shall be taken away from the liberal things shall be taken away." The line of thought was that true liberal Christianity demands of man the education of all his religious attributes. As in secular education a man is liberally educated who is acquainted with a large number of the branches of knowledge, so in religion the true liberal is not agnostic nor one who declines the teachings of Christianity, but one who submits himself to the truths taught by Jesus. This argument was elaborated in a strong doctrinal sermon which presented the tenets of the Universalist Church in clear and succinct terms.

Wednesday morning's session was devoted to reports from the churches and to the election of officers. Many points of interest to members of the denomination were brought out. This was followed by a sermon by Rev. A. L. Ladd, on the subject, "Show Your Faith by Works." The speaker lamented the weakness of Universalism in California, but claimed that the church was growing, and that the members of the church from believing that their faith is still the broadest, biggest and best faith.

The Wednesday afternoon session was under the auspices of the Universalist Women's Association, of which the president is Mrs. H. B. Manford of Pasadena.

Mrs. Gould of Pasadena, secretary of the association, read her annual report. There have been seven life members added to the roll during the past year, each paying \$20.

Mrs. Conger, the treasurer, was not present; the secretary read her report, showing receipts for the year, \$177; expenditures, \$25.

Reports from the Ladies' Aid societies showed that the work had been successfully conducted through the past year.

The reports showed active Universalist societies in Pasadena, Riverside, Los Angeles, San Diego, Santa Paula, Oakland and Pomona, with Sunday schools in one or two other places in the State.

EXPLAINS HIS VOTE.

There has been considerable talk today about the vote cast by Mayor Patterson yesterday against the passage of the saloon license. Mr. Patterson was seen today by the correspondent, and he said that he voted against the ordinance because he had the hope of securing its amendment in such way as to make the license under it payable to the City Treasurer. In the belief that thereby the city would avoid the necessity of giving the Marshal 50 percent of the license money for collecting it. An it is expected to raise \$2000 from two saloons the Marshal will have a commission of 100 per year under the license as it now stands. Mr. Patterson declares that he still favors the ordinance, but he wanted it amended in that one respect.

POMONA BREVIETTES.

The young ladies of the Fruit and Flower Mission are preparing for a flower carnival. The vast wealth of flowers now to be seen about town indicate that they will be able to make a most beautiful display.

Mrs. Beresford Joy will be assisted in her concert Thursday evening of the Pomona Musical Association, at the Los Angeles Hotel.

The event is under the management of the ladies of the Methodist Church, and the artists are so widely known that they will be able to draw a large audience in Pomona, who are already familiar with the delightful singing of Miss Joy. Mrs. Toles will be the first time in this city reside at the piano.

CATALINA ISLAND SUNDAY EXCURSION May 16. By the ever-popular Hermosa, Southern Pacific and Terminal trains leave Los Angeles 8 a.m. to connect.

ORANGE COUNTY.

SANTA ANA'S PROSPECTS FOR A BEET-SUGAR FACTORY.

Klamath Taken East on a Racing Tour—A Notable Wedding—Fair Stockholders' Meeting—Miscellaneous News Notes.

SANTA ANA, May 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] It is evidently only to be a question of time when Santa Ana will have a beet-sugar factory. It may not come right away, but it will be here sooner or later.

The committee appointed a week ago by the president of the Chamber of Commerce met Tuesday afternoon of this week to report on the proposed White secretary. The plans of organization for the establishment of a factory were discussed at length, and the location of the new factory was also given considerable attention, but this matter was finally left over to be taken up again when the committee will be in a better position to judge as to the best location for it. Col. Holabird of Los Angeles was here a few days, with one of the Clark brothers, the builders of the Alamitos factory, to look over the country and to take the residents to the residence of the community in reference to the building of the factory. The committee appointed by the president of the Chamber of Commerce met Tuesday afternoon of this week to report on the proposed White secretary. 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BOATING PRIVILEGES

NEWELL BROS. AWARDED THE CONTRACT FOR WESTLAKE.

Main-street Paving Contract to be Accepted Piece-meal—Property-owners Satisfied.

EZRA COKAHNOUR'S TRIAL.

THE JURY FAIL TO AGREE UPON A VERDICT.

The Superior Judges Form Rules for the Board of Examiners for the Alleged Insane—Lucas Awarded Damages.

At the City Hall yesterday the Board of Park Commissioners met in regular session and awarded the contract for boating privileges at Westlake Park to Newell Brothers. The Sewer Committee filed a brief report and the Board of Public Works investigated the proposed Plaza-Griffin avenue boulevard.

At the Court House yesterday the Superior Judges met and formed rules for the selection in rotation of the Board of Examiners appointed under the new act providing for the examination of the alleged insane, and three patients were committed to the asylum at Highland. Ezra Cokahnour was tried for arson before Judge Smith and the jury failed to agree upon a verdict. Judge Shaw awarded Mrs. Lucas \$3000 damages against Radcliffe and her daughter \$500 damages, also against Radcliffe.

WORK IN THE PARKS.

PLANTS PROPAGATED, LAWNS SOWN AND ROADS REGRADED.

Boating Privileges for Westlake Park Awarded to Newell Bros. for \$1400 Upon Certain Conditions—Donations to be Recorded.

The Board of Park Commissioners met yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in the common room of the Mayor's office. Commissioners Teed, Griffith, Waters and Workman and Mayor Snyder were present.

It was ordered that all donations to the parks and the names of donors be kept by the secretary in a book provided for that purpose.

The Park Superintendent reported that A. E. Senseney had donated an eucalyptus for planting in the parks.

It was decided to transfer Frank Adams from Central Park to Westlake Park, and to appoint Frank Hutchings as foreman of Central Park.

Park Superintendent Garry reported the following work done in the parks: Central Park, 20 loads of manure, 450 petunias, 100 verbenas, 200 salviae set out; East Los Angeles Park, 50,000 plants propagated during the months of March and April; Elysian Park, nursery department, 10,000 plants propagated during the months of March and April; Hollenbeck Park, 28 loads of manure hauled in April, 7 loads of gravel, 6 loads of soil, 100,000 square feet of lawn sown in April, 10,000 square feet in February; plants set out, 1600 verbenas, 200 salviae, 100 ivy geraniums, 200 acacias and eucalyptus; Elysian Park, 1200 feet of road regraded, 4 cultivators continually cultivating the groves during April; Echo Park, during February, 70 Oregon maples and 1500 seedling flowering plants were set out; 1851 feet of 4-inch pipe and 1000 feet of 2-inch pipe were laid in April, 54 loads of soil and 11 loads of manure were hauled.

A proposition from P. Casullo to lease a portion of Elysian Park for \$60 cash in advance for planting potatoes, was received and laid over.

The Park Superintendent was directed to sprinkle the new boulevard as early as possible.

The following proposals to lease the boating privileges at Westlake Park were opened and declared: Newell Brothers, for \$1400 for a term of two years; M. K. Parkinson for \$500 for two years; D. E. McKillip for \$125 for two years.

On motion of Commissioner Waters the bid of Newell Brothers was accepted with the following conditions: \$200 in cash to be paid in advance, and \$250 in advance monthly, lease to run from May 15, and to be secured by a bond of \$1000.

Commissioner Waters was appointed a member of the Finance Committee in place of Commissioner Stewart, resigned.

No Cause for Alarm.

A number of inquiries were made yesterday at the Health Office about a reported outbreak of diphtheria in the neighborhood of the Union-avenue school. Clerk Reed told all inquirers that there was no cause for alarm. There had been only two cases reported, one of which was fatal, although there was some doubt as to diphtheria being the cause of death, and the other case was now recovering.

As a matter of fact, there are very few cases on record in the city, and these are mostly in the Sixth and Seventh wards.

Cash for Franchises.

City Clerk Hanco yesterday turned over to the City Treasurer \$2351 paid by J. C. Lynch for the San Pedro street railway franchise, \$760 paid by L. D. C. Gray, paid for the electric power franchise, and \$111 paid by the Home Telephone Company for a telephone franchise. Together with \$5611 received from J. C. Kays, paid for the San Mateo and Santa Fe avenue street railway franchise, this makes \$11,832 which the city has received in the past two weeks from the sale of franchises.

Milkmen Take Notice.

All dairymen who fail to call and register at the Health Office before May 20 are liable to a fine. Very few have complied with the law to date, and the health authorities promise to enforce the law to the letter.

To Place Electric Wires.

The Los Angeles Railway Company has petitioned the Council for permission to place two electric wires across the sidewalk at No. 129 East Second street.

SEWER COMMITTEE REPORT.

Recommends That Time be Set for Hearing Protests.

The following report to the Council was filed yesterday: "Your Sewer Committee have leave to report as follows: In the matter of the petition from Mrs. Anna L. Hanco asking that a sewer be constructed on Bellevue avenue, we recommend that the same be granted and the City Engineer

be instructed to present ordinance of intention for a sewer on Bellevue avenue between Edgeware road and Beaudry avenue.

"We recommend that a time be set for hearing the following protests: G. Helmann et al. against the sewer of California street between Philadelphia and Pearl streets; from J. A. Hill et al. against a sewer on Connecticut street; from C. W. Sonneman et al. against a sewer on Michigan avenue and Lopez street."

Board of Public Works.

The Board of Public Works yesterday inspected the contract work of Hamish & Marsh in the Beaudry avenue improvement district. There was a rumor that the work was defective in certain places, but it is understood that the committee found everything satisfactory.

In the afternoon the committee drove over the proposed boulevard from the Plaza to Griffin avenue, and thence northerly to the city limits. Twenty-eighth street was also inspected.

Main-street Pavement.

The special committee of the Council which has supervision of the relaying of the asphalt pavement on Main street, inspected the work being done by Contractor Fairchild yesterday morning. It is understood that the property-owners on Main street are entirely satisfied with the work, and the Council will accept at its next meeting on Monday that part of the pavement which lies between Eleventh and Twenty-fifth streets.

[AT THE COURT HOUSE.]

TRIED FOR ARSON.

EZRA N. COKAHNOUR TELLS OF HIS UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENT.

The Jury Deliberates for Two Hours and Fails to Agree Upon a Verdict—Cokahnour Denies His Written and Signed Confession.

The case of the people of the State of California against Ezra N. Cokahnour, charged with arson, was called for trial before Judge B. N. Smith yesterday in Department One of the Superior Court. Nearly the entire forenoon was spent in impaneling the jury, and the taking of testimony consumed but a very short time. The evidence was all in by 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and as the arguments of counsel on both sides were very brief, the case went to the jury shortly after 3 o'clock.

At 4:30 a knock was heard on the door of the jury room and the jurors told the bailiff that they could not reach an agreement. At about 5 o'clock they were asked if they had agreed, and when Judge Smith found that they had not done so, he ordered them dismissed. Six of the jurors were for acquittal and six voted to find the defendant guilty.

Constantly E. R. Davidson of Duarte and Justice of the Peace Cyrus F. Cooke of Monrovia were the principal witnesses for the prosecution. "Cokahnour was charged with having entered the house of John Baxter, for whom he had been working as a ranch hand, with burglarious intent, and in some manner set fire to his burning house. On the night the house was burned Cokahnour came to Davidson's house and awakened him. He then confessed entering the house according to Davidson's testimony, to rob it, and said the fire was accidental, some bed clothing having ignited from a lamp he had placed on the floor.

After Cokahnour had told the constable all about the matter he urgently requested the defendant before a magistrate and allowed to swear to a confession of his crime. Davidson accordingly took the man to waste Cooke's house at Monrovia, and waking Cooke, proceeded to take Cokahnour's confession, which the latter affirmed. This confession was introduced as evidence yesterday and reads as follows:

"Ezra N. Cokahnour of Duarte, hereby make this confession. That on the morning of April 12, 1897, I did deliberately set fire to the dwelling house of John Baxter, in the city of Los Angeles, and state that I had been drinking and being in trouble and wanting money to send to my mother, from whom I had just received a letter advising me of the death of my sister, and being in this great trouble and under the influence of liquor I scarcely realized what I was doing until after I had set the fire. I am now able to realize and understand the gravity of the offense, and am sorely grieved for the same."

EZRA N. COKAHNOUR. "Subscribed to before me, this 12th day of April, 1897. CYRUS F. COOKE, Justice of the Peace."

Both Davidson and Cooke testified that Cokahnour told them he entered the house to rob it, and set fire to the bedclothes. Cokahnour took the witness-stand in his own defense, and told the following story: "I was working for John Baxter, where he collected some money and went to San Pedro. He got drunk at that town and spent nearly all he had. After his return he was about all gone and he opened a letter he had received before leaving Duarte. This letter proved to be from his mother in Ohio, and from it he learned of the death of his sister, and that his mother was in need of money. Cokahnour was overcome with remorse that he had spent foolishly the money which might have gone toward helping his mother, and decided to go to John Baxter, his former employer, at Duarte, and borrow some money from him."

He arrived at Duarte late at night and found that Baxter had gone away. He entered the house and lighted a lamp, taking it into the bedroom, where he intended to go to bed. He placed it on the floor and turned his back. No sooner had he done so than he noticed that the bedclothes were on fire, and which he had placed the lamp was on fire. He ran out the back door to the pump, but the pump was dry. Not waiting to prime it, he ran back to the burning flames. Finding that they had gained such headway that nothing could be done to save the house, he ran out the door and into the night air.

Cokahnour went to the house of Constable Davidson, told him of the incident, and went with Davidson to Monrovia, where he called on Justice Cooke out of bed. He signed a paper there, but did not know what it was. He never told either the Constable or Justice that he entered the house for the purpose of robbing it, he said.

John Baxter was called by the defense, and said that Cokahnour had permission to enter his house to sleep and eat there whenever he pleased, whether Baxter was at home or not. Baxter testified that he would not have been more surprised at the affair had his own parents been the ones who had been the principals in the matter. He said he had always considered the whole business an accident, and although he lost considerable by the fire, he still had a good opinion of Cokahnour. Baxter's younger brother was then called to testify as to Cokahnour's good reputation for truth, veracity, etc., and the defense rested their case.

Cokahnour's action in making a confession and wishing to be sent to Los Angeles at once, before daylight, has been the cause of much wonderment. Constable Davidson explains why Cokahnour gave himself up in the following manner: Cokahnour was standing in a hedge about one hundred yards from Baxter's house before the fire had broken out. G. M. Wetzell

was riding home from church on a bicycle, and passed near Cokahnour, speaking to him as he passed by. Cokahnour ran and Wetzell ran after him a short distance, failing to overtake him. While this was going on, a crowd of colored people who were coming home from a dance saw the house in flames, and ran toward it calling out and making considerable noise. Davidson says Cokahnour heard all this hubbub and thought a crowd was after him. To prove this contention, Davidson refers to the remark Cokahnour made, when they started from Davidson's house for Justice Cooke's. The Constable started to turn down the road leading to Baxter's place, and Cokahnour said: "For God's sake, don't go down there, there's a mob there."

INSANE COMMITMENTS.

Three Men Sent to the State Asylum at Highland.

For the first time since the fifth of this month insane patients have been committed to the asylum at Highland. J. W. Devin, J. W. Jackson and J. M. Brown were committed yesterday by Judge Walter Van Dyke, after being examined by Drs. Cochran and Orme.

John W. Devin is a homeless laborer, 32 years of age. He was placed in jail on a charge of vagrancy, but it was not discovered that he was not mentally sane. He imagines people are conspiring to do him injury, and one day in the County Jail he struck one of his fellow-prisoners without warning or provocation, imagining he was doing so in self-protection. He was taken to the asylum last night.

Jacob M. Brown, alias Jacob Melzer, is a clam digger who lived at Santa Monica. He is 57 years of age and has five children, the youngest of whom is about 21 years old. Brown is very noisy on the streets and thinks he must tell his fellow-men how to prevent poverty. He spends a great deal of time in howling and screaming, and is continually excited, and has frequent spells in which he becomes very violent.

J. W. Jackson is a colored preacher and lecturer, aged 42. He claims he is immensely wealthy, and although he has been in jail ten days, is as insane as when arrested. Jackson and Brown were taken with Devin to Highland last night.

IN REGULAR ROTATION.

Board of Examiners of Alleged Insane Will be Called in Order.

The Superior Judges met yesterday morning and drew up and signed the following: "In the matter of the examination of persons under detention, alleged to be insane, authorized under the act approved March 31, 1897, entitled 'An act to establish a State Lunacy Commission, etc.', it is, by the Superior Court of Los Angeles county, ordered that, as to all applications for commitment, examination and hearing, the following rules shall be observed:

"First—All applications for commitment under this act shall be filed with the clerk of the court, in room 19 at the County Courthouse.

"Second—Immediately upon the filing of such application, it shall be the duty of the clerk to notify two of the members of the board of examiners of the filing of such application. The clerk, in determining the members of such board of examiners, so to be notified, shall observe the following rules: He shall prepare and keep arranged in alphabetical order, the names of the members of the board, and the notification shall be in the order in which their names shall appear upon the list. Provided, however, that if, for any reason, a member named on the list cannot serve when notified, upon notice in writing to that effect to the clerk, or if the examiner called upon is absent from the city, the examiner next upon the list shall be notified, to the end that in the selection and designation of such examiners the same shall be made in regular rotation without preference one over the other.

"Third—The clerk shall deliver application to such designated members of the board of examiners, who shall make the examination as in such act required, and return to one of the judges of this court the application so furnished them by the clerk, together with their certificate of lunacy as provided for in the act.

"[Signed] W. H. CLARK, J. T. ALLEN, LUCIEN SHAW, WALTER VAN DYKE, WALDO VAN DYKE, E. N. SMITH."

JUDGMENT AGAINST RADCLIFFE.

Mrs. Mary I. Lucas and Her Daughter Awarded Damages.

The trial of the case of Mrs. Mary I. Lucas against William McDermott and Albert Radcliffe was concluded before Judge Lucien Shaw in Department Five yesterday. Mrs. Lucas prayed for \$5000 damages for injuries received in a runaway which occurred while she was riding in a coupé driven by Radcliffe and owned by McDermott.

Judge Shaw ordered that a judgment of \$3000 be entered in Mrs. Lucas's favor against Radcliffe, but that she be allowed to recover nothing from McDermott. As a similar suit had been filed for \$10,000 damages by Mrs. Lucas's little daughter, who was with her at the time of the runaway, Judge Shaw passed upon that case also on the same evidence, and awarded the child a judgment of \$500. This was also against Radcliffe, and no judgment was ordered against McDermott.

As Radcliffe had in this part of the country, neither of these judgments is likely to ever be realized upon.

HEATING HOUSES, CHURCHES, ETC.

With hot air in place, by F. A. Brown, No. 123 East Fourth street.

VACY STEER'S foot powder cures sick feet. No. 107 1/2 South Broadway.

A Weak Back.

It is hard to make a distinction between a weak or lame back and a kidney complaint, because the seat of the trouble is so close to the kidneys. The truth is, however, that in nine out of ten cases what is presumed to be kidney trouble is only a weak, relaxed condition of the nerves and muscles centering at the small of the back.

Some people swallow barrels of drugs trying to cure "kidney disease," "Bright's disease," and similar terrifying monsters, when a mild, soothing current of galvanic electricity, generated into the weakened muscles by Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt, while the patient is peacefully sleeping, will remedy the whole trouble in a week or ten days. It is a pleasure to use it, because its power is so easily regulated so as not to blister the most sensitive flesh.

Testimonial.

Get the book, "Three Classes of Men;" full information; free. Call or address.

About a year ago I gave you my testimonial for rheumatism. I was so bad that I did not think that I would ever have the use of my limbs, and suffered great pain for two years before using your belt. Your treatment has caused a permanent cure, not only of me, but also my daughter who was troubled with muscular rheumatism for over 10 years. After hearing and knowing how much the belt had done for me she concluded to try it, and it has cured her, much to her great joy and satisfaction.

C. M. LAMOREAUX, 817 Wall St., Los Angeles, Cal.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

204 S. Broadway, cor. Dr. Sanden's Electric Truss Cures Rupture.

Office Hours—8 to 6, Evening; 7 to 8, Sunday, 10 to 1.

Dr. A. T. Sanden, 204 S. Broadway, cor. Second, Los Angeles, Cal.

Office Hours—8 to 6, Evening; 7 to 8, Sunday, 10 to 1.

PLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown into the Courts.

SUIT TO SET ASIDE JUDGMENT. F. A. Carter filed yesterday against L. A. Lothian to set aside a judgment of \$446.50, which was taken against him by default as a stockholder in the Richardson-Kimball Company, since disbanded. Carter says in no way nothing of the suit until after the default was taken.

SUIT FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES. In Department Four yesterday Judge Van Dyke heard the testimony in the case of John E. Sundstrom vs. the San Fernando Valley Improvement Company, the San Fernando Valley Water Company and W. B. Barker, and ordered a judgment entered for the plaintiff in the sum of \$500. The suit was brought to recover \$1100 alleged to be due Carl Schulze and Louis Luckel from the defendants for legal services. Schulze and Luckel assigned the claim to Sundstrom and then tried the case themselves.

MOTION TO DISMISS THE APPEAL. Judge Van Dyke rendered an opinion yesterday dismissing the appeal from the Justice Court in the case of Frank E. Walsh, et al., against James P. McCarthy, et al. The ground on which the motion to dismiss was made was that the judgment of the lower court was a judgment by default and that no appeal lies from such judgment. The appeal was taken upon questions of law alone.

MOTION DENIED AND DEMURRER OVERRULED. In Department One yesterday Judge Smith overruled the demurrer to the information made by the defendant in the case of the people against Julia E. Knox, charged with perjury, and denied the motion of the defense in the case of the people against Juan Clivas, charged with the rape of Jennie Imones, to set aside the information and strike certain words therein which had not been included in the original complaint.

INFORMATION FILED AGAINST TURNER. The District Attorney filed an information in Department One yesterday against Turner with a charge of assault to murder. May 14 was the time set for his arraignment. Turner's trouble occurred at the County Jail some time ago. For a long time after the alleged crime was committed the officers were unable to locate him, and when they finally did, he was as he was stepping from the prize ring after winning a fight.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE. A suit was filed yesterday by Albert S. Allen against Pedro de Celis, Carmen Orme de Celis, et al., to recover a judgment in the sum of \$1200 and interest on a promissory note executed by the defendants in favor of the plaintiff, and foreclosure of a mortgage given to secure the payment of the note on lot 22 of the Josefa tract, in this city.

FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION. Three petitions were filed yesterday for letters of administration to three estates. Public Administrator Frank M. Kelsey filed a petition for letters to the estate of R. T. Henry, deceased, and the latter's estate consists of lots 6 and 7 in block 12, of the Urmost tract in this county, and lot 4 in block 8, of the Riverside tract, in Perris, Riverside county. Henry's estate consists of \$32.88 on deposit in the bank and personal property valued at \$2000, and consists of lots 11 and 12, in block 7, of the Homestead tract of the Pioneer Building Lot Association in East Los Angeles.

SUIT TO RESTRAIN THE PORPHYRY PAVING COMPANY. E. Lord and her husband, I. W. Lord, filed a suit yesterday against the Porphyry Paving Company asking for an injunction restraining the defendant company from removing any stone from the east one-half of section 35, township 1 north, range 14 west, S. E. M., which is owned by the plaintiffs. Damages in the sum of \$1000 are prayed for the unlawful detention of the property and the loss a month rent from May 3, 1897.

THE CASE AGAINST AH TAM IS DISMISSED. D. J. Hancy swore out a complaint charging Ah Tam with battery on the person of Billy McIntyre, and the case was tried before Judge Young yesterday in the Township Court. The trial resulted in the acquittal of the Chinese. It was shown by the evidence that the accusers of Ah Tam were more to blame in the matter than he was. The parties all live near Prospect Park, in the Calhoun Valley, where Ah Tam keeps a vegetable garden. When on the witness stand yesterday he showed scars on his head and neck which proved that he had been roughly handled in the case.

The Celestial swore to a complaint charging both McIntyre and Hancy with battery. Deputy Willis issuing the complaint, and then Assistant District Attorney Williams issued a complaint to Hancy, charging the Chinese with battery. The trial of Hancy and McIntyre was held next week before Justice Young.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY.

All subscribers to The Times, whether old or new, who pay in advance \$9 for one year may have a photograph enlarged to three-fourths life size, and handsomely framed, without costing them a cent for the picture or frame.

FORESTERS EXCURSION TO MT. LOWE.

Sunday, May 16. From Los Angeles over entire line Mt. Lowe Railway and return, only \$2.50, including lunch at Echo Mountain House, or Ye Alpine Tavern. Tickets on sale only at office Mt. Lowe Railway, No. 214 South Spring street.

Conductors: Your eastern friends will be interested in the proceedings of your national convention. To the end that they may see them The Times for ten days, all for 25 cents, including postage.

Men's Clothing.

Men's All-wool Cheviot Sack Suits, brown over-plaid, very stylish, perfect fitting, sold most everywhere at \$10; Friday and Saturday only, at... \$7.77

Men's Fancy All-wool Cheviot Sack Suits, plaid effects; Friday and Saturday only... \$11.18

Men's Pants—Men's Fancy All-wool Pants (celebrated Sweet, Orr & Co. make), worth \$2.50; special for Friday and Saturday only... \$1.44

Boys' Sailor Suits—Boys' Linen Wash Sailor Suits, blue striped, also brown, just the thing for school or vacation use, worth in a regular way \$1.90; Friday and Saturday only, at... 83c

Men's Bicycle Suits—Men's Fine All-wool Bicycle Suits, the very latest accepted styles, good value at \$7.50; Friday and Saturday only, at... \$6.14

Children's Don. Kid Button Shoes, sizes 8 1/2 to 12, all widths, excellent value; Friday and Saturday only... \$1.16

Men's Neckwear.

150 dozen new elegant 50c Neckwear, in the new shape, Tecks, Rob Roy, Plaids and Oriental Figures; Friday and Saturday only, each... 21c

Men's Hose—Men's Black, also Tan Half Hose, full seamless, worth 12c; Friday and Saturday only, by the dozen only, 96c 12 pairs for...

Men's Shirts—Men's Fancy Bosom Shirts, all this season's broken lines, worth up to \$1.50; at the uniform price of... 65c

Suspenders—Men's Suspenders, good webs, nickel buckles, corded ends, worth 25c; Friday and Saturday only, at a pair... 11c

Underwear—Men's fancy Balbriggan Underwear, self-finished, pearl buttons, full fashion cut, made to sell at \$1.25 a garment; Friday and Saturday only... 69c

Men's Straw Hats—Men's fine Coburg Straw Hats, flat brim, yacht style, all sizes, regular price 50c; Friday and Saturday only... 28c

Men's Black Fedora Hats, satin lined, silk trimmed, worth \$1.75; Friday and Saturday only... \$1.24

JACOBY BROS.

128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138 North Spring Street.
Largest, Oldest and Best Clothing and Shoe House on the Pacific Coast.

The Second Grand Friday and Saturday...

....SPECIAL....SALE

Will, in many respects be more remarkable than the first. Many of the lots—nearly exhausted by last week's tremendous trading—will now be re-assorted, re-arranged and re-marked at still lower prices—new lots will replace many others—still better goods—still more wonderful values—still lower prices.

We are determined to have this second sale eclipse last week's unprecedented sales record.

And here are the Marvelous Prices that will do it.

Men's Clothing. Boys' Clothing.

Men's Suits—Men's All-wool Cheviot Sack Suits, brown over-plaid, very stylish, perfect fitting, sold most everywhere at \$10; Friday and Saturday only, at... \$7.77

Men's Suits—Men's Fancy All-wool Cheviot Sack Suits, plaid effects; Friday and Saturday only... \$11.18

Men's Pants—Men's Fancy All-wool Pants (celebrated Sweet, Orr & Co. make), worth \$2.50; special for Friday and Saturday only... \$1.44

Boys' Knee Pants—Boys' Wool Knee Pants, extra well made, 50c quality; Friday and Saturday only... 38c

Boys' Suits—Boys' All-wool Knee Pants Suits, in Scotch Mixtures, ages 4 to 14, usually sold at \$4.50; Friday and Saturday only... \$2.88

Youths' Suits—Youths' All-wool Long Pants Suits in newest pattern Plaids, ages 14 to 19, regular price \$8.15; Friday and Saturday only... \$6.33

Children's Hose—Children's Fast Black Ribbed Hose, double heel and toe, always 20c; Friday and Saturday only... 11c

Boys' Shirt Waists—Boys' Percalé Shirt Waists, K. & E. make, new, nobby patterns, 50c kind; Friday and Saturday only... 26c

Children's Hats—Children's fine Straw Sailor Hats, brown and white, also blue and white, are good sellers at 30c; Friday and Saturday only... 22c

Boys' Golf Caps—Boys' Golf Caps, latest styles of goods, great variety, regular 50c quality; Friday and Saturday only, at each... 33c

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Neckwear—150 dozen new elegant 50c Neckwear, in the new shape, Tecks, Rob Roy, Plaids and Oriental Figures; Friday and Saturday only, each... 21c

Men's Hose—Men's Black, also Tan Half Hose, full seamless, worth 12c; Friday and Saturday only, by the dozen only, 96c 12 pairs for...

Men's Shirts—Men's Fancy Bosom Shirts, all this season's broken lines, worth up to \$1.50; at the uniform price of... 65c

Suspenders—Men's Suspenders, good webs, nickel buckles, corded ends, worth 25c; Friday and Saturday only, at a pair... 11c